

FLIERS UP 228 HOURS; MOTOR GETTING NOISY

Note Dropped From Plane Tells Airport Trouble Is Not Serious.

SHIP AND TWO AIRMEN STAND GRUELING WELL

Neither Shows Indication of Weakening When Tenth Day Passes.

RECORD OF 300 HOURS AND MORE IS LOOMING

Pilots Ask Window Shades to Shield Bath From Nosey Airplanes.

Culver City, Calif., July 11 (A.P.).—The question of whether man or machine will crack first under the strain of sustained flying, a drawn verdict in recent noted tests, appeared far from an answer today in the supreme battle between flesh and metal developed in the record endurance flight of L. W. Mendell and R. B. Reinhart.

On their tenth day in the air the pilots showed no signs of weakening and the single 220-horsepower motor of their Buhl biplane was humming along, despite what the airmen believed might be a warning sign that wear and tear was having its effect.

In a note dropped to the airport the men said it was believed the motor was getting "a trifle noisy," but they added there was nothing seriously wrong.

No further mention was made of the oil pump which caused some difficulty last night.

The 228th hour of continuous flight was passed at 7:30 p. m. At that far stage pilots Mendell and Reinhart gave no indication of a prospective landing, having taken on another 100 gallons of gasoline a half hour previously. It appeared they might reach the 300-hour mark, and possibly exceed it.

A message from Mendell said: "Motor running fine. Send us 100 gallons gasoline, 3 p. m. Send up some window shades so we can have privacy. Tried to take bath, but four airplanes flew by and had to quit. See you next week—Mendell."

Two Opposite Verdicts: The recent record flights at Fort Worth and Cleveland, which have been far surpassed by the Californians, gave opposite verdicts in the challenge between man and machine. Human endurance was found wanting in the case of the Cleveland test, Roy L. Mitchell and Byron K. Newcomb descending after 174 hours 50 seconds when they had exceeded by a small margin the time of R. L. Robbins and Jim Kelly at Fort Worth. A damaged propeller forced Robbins and Kelly to give up.

Refueling went on with strict regularity and the crowd of spectators grew hourly despite the challenges of the pilots that they would not land for another 100 hours. Control of the airport had been delegated to Culver City police to prevent a mob scene when the fliers quit the skies.

Small Boys, Brothers, To Face Murder Trial

Welch, W. Va., July 11 (A.P.).—The trial of Herbert and Cornell Hamilton, brothers, 9 and 10 years old, indicted for murder in connection with the death of a playmate, today was set for July 22 in McDowell County Criminal Court. Pleas of not guilty were entered in behalf of the boys.

The brothers are charged with slaying Raymond Collier, a 9-year-old orphan. They were arrested after the body was recovered from the Dry Fork River and were said to have admitted drowning their playmate while fighting. The coroner reported he found no water in the boy's lungs and said he believed death was from other causes than drowning.

Two Brothers, Wedded To Sisters, Die in Blast

Williamson, W. Va., July 11 (A.P.).—Two brothers were killed in a powder explosion at the No. 3 mine of the Fordson Coal Co. near here, last night. The men, Joe Kimberlin, 24, and Carl Kimberlin, 33, were married to sisters. They were killed when powder on a supply truck they were pushing was ignited.

Warden's Wife Helps Recapture Prisoners

Carrollton, Ala., July 11 (A.P.).—Mrs. S. P. Allen, wife of the warden of the Pickens County jail here, last yesterday caused the recapture of two prisoners who had made a break for liberty after choking and beating her husband unconscious.

The men were met at the jail entrance by Mrs. Allen. She was thrust aside, but without investigating what had happened inside the jail she rounded up a posse of officers and citizens, resulting in the recapture of the men a short distance from the jail. The prisoners, Alvin Cook and Edward Healer, were awaiting trial on charges of having burglarized a store at Allenton, Ala.

Annulment Is Sought In Wedding of Heiress

Parents of Former Miss Guggenheim Begin Action to Cancel Union.

New York, July 11 (A.P.).—The New York American tomorrow will say that Mr. and Mrs. Edmund A. Guggenheim have filed in Westchester County an action to annul the marriage of their daughter, Natalie Friede Guggenheim, 18-year-old debutante and heiress to the Guggenheim millions, to Thomas M. Gorman, son of a Long Island Railway stationmaster, of Port Washington.

Gorman and Miss Guggenheim were married April 6 last by the Rev. Kirkland Huxley, rector of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church at Great Neck. They returned to their separate homes after an informal wedding breakfast at Great Neck Tavern and word of their wedding did not become public for several days.

On learning of the ceremony, the bride's father came back to New York from White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., and later it was announced that Mrs. Gorman had gone to Europe with her mother.

Friends of Gorman said that he was building a cottage for his bride at Sands Point on Long Island, that he had received frequent letters from her abroad and that these letters contained no hint of any annulment proceedings.

On learning of the ceremony, the bride's father came back to New York from White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., and later it was announced that Mrs. Gorman had gone to Europe with her mother.

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POWERFUL MEN AMONG OWNERS OF GAS UTILITY

Group Now in Control of Capital Firm Bared at Conference.

NEW TRUST COMPANY MADE TO HOLD STOCK

Active Management to Be Inaugurated Today as Directors Meet.

REDUCTION IN RATES TO BE ASKED AT ONCE

Expansion of Business Volume Is First Aim, New York Operator Declares.

A group which includes some of the largest public utilities owners in the country were revealed yesterday as the new owners of the Washington Gas Light Co. and its subsidiaries, including the Georgetown Gas Light Co.

Identity of the new owners was disclosed at a conference between F. S. Burroughs, of Harris, Forbes & Co., of New York, and James Piper, of Piper, Cary & Hall, a law firm of Baltimore, with New York connection, and the Public Utilities Commission and Corporation Counsel William W. Brice and People's Counsel Ralph Fleharty.

The new owners have formed a special trust company, the Seaboard Investment Co., to hold their Washington Gas stock, they told the commission, but "no individual, company or group" interested in the deal "owns or controls more than 20 per cent in this trust."

Oath Is Not Asked. The statement of the ownership of the stock was not made under oath, although Burroughs told reporters that he would be glad to make it under oath if that were deemed necessary. Apparently it was not for he was not asked to do so.

The shares of the new gas company were subscribed by Harris, Forbes & Co., of New York and Chicago; the American Foundry Corporation, of New York; Schoellkopf, Rutton & Pomeroy, of Buffalo; N. H. Bylesby & Co., of Chicago and New York, and Chase Securities Corporation, a subsidiary of the Chase National Bank, of New York.

But each of these, in turn, the utilities commission was told, redistributed their shares in the Seaboard Investment Trust and a list was given of the holders of record. But this list, Burroughs explained, when it was made public to reporters, did not mean very much because it merely represented the owners of record.

Number of Shares Held. The names on this list, together with the number of shares they hold, were as follows: Knickerbocker, New York, 17,500 shares; Hurley & Co., New York, 2,600 shares; Daniel, Washington, 2,250; W. A. Guttenberg, Jersey City, 2,000 shares; M. A. Morrison, Chicago, 20,000 shares, listed as 25 lots of 1,000 shares each; C. A. England & Co., New York, 3,750 shares; Edwin C. McBride, New York, 5,000 shares; Lee & Co., New York, 25,000 shares; Marshall & Co., Buffalo, 5,000 shares; Edward T. Metzger, Buffalo, 2,500 shares; Harris, Forbes & Co., 12,500 shares; United States & Overseas Corporation, New York, 12,500 shares, and Elias & Co., 2,500 shares.

Most of these concerns are small houses, such as are frequently used by the larger corporations to handle securities for them. But the utilities commission of the local gas companies is shown by the fact that Bylesby & Co. is probably the largest public utilities controlling company in the world.

Control Pittsburgh Firm. Among the utilities they control is the Standard Gas & Electric Co., of Pittsburgh. They have interest in other utilities companies in St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, San Francisco, San Diego, and practically control the utilities situation in the State of Oklahoma.

The ramifications of the Bylesby utilities interests extend into 19 different States and more than 1,500 communities. Recently the company's stock had a phenomenal rise on the stock market, climbing from the neighborhood of 80 a few weeks ago to reach a high of 124 1/2 on the New York Stock Exchange market yesterday.

The American Foundry Co. is one of the large holders of public utilities stocks and properties, while Harris, Forbes & Co. is generally considered as primarily a utilities investment organization and is supposed to dominate the large Associated Gas and Electric concern. Schoellkopf, Rutton & Co. is a general investment firm, but is credited with having been long and importantly interested in power developments at Niagara Falls.

The United States and Overseas Corporation also is a heavy holder of utilities securities.

Where Dana A. Pearson fits in the picture of the new organization was not made clear by Burroughs, although Pearson, who negotiated the purchase of much of the gas company stock, at

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 4.

MATT NOONE ENDS LIFE BY ROPE AT CLUB

Internal Revenue Auditor Strangles Himself in St. Stephen's.

HOUSEMAN FINDS BODY IN BARRED STOREROOM

Suicide Victim Had Been Missing Several Days From His Home.

BAD HEALTH IS GIVEN AS REASON FOR ACT

Death Occurred Wednesday, Is Belief; Was Known and Loved by Many.

In a little third-floor storeroom of the club which he helped to organize and in whose affairs he has always been an outstanding leader, Matthew J. Noone, 35-year-old Internal Revenue Bureau auditor, was found strangled to death with a rope knotted tightly around his neck and the end secured to a gas jet early yesterday evening at the St. Stephen's Club, 2422 K street northwest.

Coroner J. Ramsay Nevitt viewed the body and issued a certificate of death by suicide, which the Rev. T. V. Fitzgerald, assistant pastor of St. Stephen's Catholic Church, and a host of fellow clubmen and friends who gathered at the scene, attributed to recent ill health.

Noone's body was discovered by J. H. Frank, houseman at the club, when he removed the lock with a screwdriver and found a chair propped under the doorknob on the inside. Frank told police that he went to the storeroom Wednesday evening to get a supply of paper drinking cups, but it was locked and he made no further effort to gain entrance until yesterday evening when he unlocked the lock.

Noone sitting on floor. Because of the prop against the door Frank succeeded in opening it only a few inches, which was sufficient for him to recognize the strangled man sitting on the floor at "Matt" Noone, former president of the club and one of the most active laymen in St. Stephen's parish.

Frank ran to the street and summoned United States Park Policeman A. D. Cook, who was on duty at Washington Circle, less than a block away. The policeman called the fire rescue squad and the Emergency Hospital ambulance, and then forced the chair from under the door knob.

Dr. J. Swartzman, who responded in the ambulance, pronounced Noone dead and gave it as an opinion that he had been dead about 48 hours. However, Walter H. Jett, of 950 Twenty-fifth street northwest, told police that he passed the club about 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon and that Noone waved to him from a second-story window of the club, indicating that he probably took his life late Wednesday afternoon or night.

Noone, who was widely known in the West End section of the city, had been missing from his home for several days, and his wife, Mrs. Marie Noone, with whom he lived with his three daughters at 2506 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, had asked the police to search for him. He had attended services at St. Stephen's Church Sunday, it was said.

Rope Tied to Gas Jet. When found Noone was sitting on the floor with his head thrown back against the wall and his foot jammed against the chair which was propped under the door knob. The rope around his neck was drawn taut and attached to a gas jet that is but five feet from the floor on a side wall. On a desk nearby was found a nickel-plated .22-caliber revolver which had not been discharged, and a bottle and a box of medicine. Noone was fully clothed, even to his necktie and collar and coat, and in his pockets were found a few dollars and personal effects, but no suicide message.

Father Fitzgerald and Noone's brother, T. A. Noone, of 1135 New Hampshire avenue northwest, were

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Nine Boys Perish In Exhibition Fire

Burning House Collapses With Group Awaiting Mock Rescue.

London, July 11 (A.P.).—Nine boys were burned to death tonight in the collapse of a house during a fire brigade display at Gillingham Park, Kent. The house was a structure just set up for the display and the boys were within the building, where they represented the occupants to be rescued by firemen from an imaginary fire. It is not known how the structure caught fire, but spectators saw it suddenly blaze and fall in flames upon the boys before they could be rescued.

AGREEMENT ON TARIFF CUT IS SEEN FOLLOWING WHITE HOUSE PARLEY

Gouraud, French Hero Of War, Guest of City



William Forstner, Post Staff Photographer.

General Is Here to Attend Rainbow Division's Annual Reunion. Gen. Henri J. E. Gouraud, commander of the First army of France during the World War and now permanent honorary president of the Rainbow Division, arrived at the Union Station in Washington at 11:15 o'clock last night, to spend a day here before going to Baltimore to attend the eleventh annual reunion of the Forty-second Division, which is to start tomorrow and continue through Monday.

About 50 Washingtonians who wore the rainbow shoulder insignia of the

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 2.

GIRL BATHER MEETS DEATH IN WHIRLPOOL

Companion's Effort to Save Miss Ruth Hancock Unavailing.

Other Barely Escapes. One girl was drowned and her companion narrowly escaped a similar death at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon while swimming together in the Potomac River at Indianhead, Md., near their homes.

The dead girl is Miss Ruth Hancock, 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Hancock, of Glymont, Md., a small village on the east bank of the Potomac River.

Swimming in the deep water off a pier at Indianhead with Miss Lois Kenian, 16 years old, of Accokeek, Md., the Hancock girl ventured too close to a dangerous whirlpool, approximately 55 feet deep, and was swept into its treacherous currents. Her companion barely succeeded in swimming clear of the maelstrom after the Hancock girl, in desperation, had clutched her.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 3.

Unleashed Dogs Bring Woe To Suburban Mail Carriers

Hereafter All Owners Must Choose Between Muzzles and No Delivery.

A large number of residents of the suburban areas of the District of Columbia and nearby Maryland and Virginia will have to choose at once between daily mail delivery service and the freedom of their dogs. In other words, it's either muzzle or tie up your dog or call at the postoffice for your mail hereafter.

Such is the ultimatum of W. M. Mooney, Washington postmaster, issued on account of an increasing number of cases brought to his attention of letter carriers who have been bitten by dogs in the last few weeks while on duty. Some of the injuries sustained by postmen have required treatment at the Public Health Service Bureau, according to Postmaster Mooney, while others are of a minor nature.

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Republican Leaders Hold Lengthy Conference With Hoover.

PRESIDENT DENIES WATSON STATEMENT

Interpretation of Phrase on Adequate Protection Seen as Reason.

BILL TO BE PASSED BEFORE DECEMBER 1

Democrats and Progressives See Hope in Attitude of G. O. P. Senator.

By CARLISLE BARGHERON. Senate Republican leaders are understood to have agreed with President Hoover yesterday that some reductions will have to be made in the pending tariff bill in order to get it through the extra session.

Senator Watson, the Republican leader, and Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, both staunch protectionists, had a long conference with the President and got down to it, it is understood, to the discussion of individual schedules.

Following the conference, Senator Watson, without divulging the details of the conversation, said that the President had advised them that the "necessity of adequate protection" should be used in framing the Senate bill. Subsequently, it was denied at the White House that the President had said this.

Cause of Denial Is Mystery. Just why the denial was prompted could not be ascertained. It is substantially in line with his message to the extra session on the subject of tariff revision, except at that time he said the test should be "whether there has been a substantial slackening of activity in an industry during the past few years, and a consequent decrease of employment due to insurmountable competition in the products of that industry."

It may be that it is because the phrase "adequate protection" has come, especially at this stage of the tariff discussion, to mean nothing, that the White House did not want to subscribe to it. The question is now, of course, what is adequate protection?

It was more Watson's attitude than what he said about reducing some of the rates that was considered important. The Democratic-Progressive coalition took heart from it in that the President was seen as getting down to actual schedules in saying whether or not the bill came within his interpretation of a limited revision.

Origin of View Is Question. There is a question, though, whether there was a case of the President bringing the two senators to his view that some rates had to be reduced or whether they simply expressed to him a realization that had come to them.

It is not believed that either Watson or Reed, and certainly not Senator Smoot, chairman of the finance committee, is yet in entire accord with the President's reputed desire to hold the revision down, but the admission all around that there must be some shaving of the House bill rates in order to get a bill through is taken as realization of the coalition strength. There is no reason to assume this there will not have to be other concessions.

In the meantime, however, Senator Smoot and Senator Borah have begun encouraging a boring within the Southern Democratic ranks.

Skipped Makes Statement. Glenn B. Skipper, Republican national committeeman from Florida, after a conference with these two senators, and according to his statement after having called at the White House, issued a statement saying that the South should "wake up and send some Republican congressmen and

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Many Styles of Many
Famous Makes in Our
122nd
Half-Yearly Sale

Here are 11 Styles of
Hanan, 6 Styles of
Red Cross and 26
Styles of other makes
representing the
Finest in Smart Foot-
wear for Women.

In this group we present
30 Styles of Hanan, 25
Styles of Red Cross and
61 Styles of THE NEW-
EST AND SMARTEST
NOVELTY FOOTWEAR
FOR WOMEN. Also several
styles of PIED
PIPER Health Shoes for
Children.

Berberich's
TWELFTH & F STS.
Hickey-Freeman
CUSTOMIZED CLOTHES
Linen Clothes

THE arrival of hot weather brings linens to
immediate attention. Coat and trousers of
Irish Linen are offered. Also waistcoats and
knickers of the same material if desired.

Linen Coat and Trousers, \$15.00
Linen Waistcoat, \$5.00
Linen Knickers, \$5.00

Goldhem's
Apparel for Gentlemen—Established 1875
FOURTEEN HUNDRED AND NINE H STREET

OLD-TIME' HORERS
TO RIDE AT ORANGE
Now, July 24 to 25, to Offer
37 Ring Classes and
Four Races.
NOTED STABLES ENTERED

Special to The Washington Post.
Orange, Va., July 11.—The "Old
lard" class, open to members of the
Mahawk and Deep Run Hunt Clubs,
to ride to hounds in 1909 or prior
that time, is one of the features of
the program for the 1929 Orange horse
show, to be held July 24 and 25. The
conditions for the class call for mount-
ing at hunting pace, with the riders
to hunt on four standard-height
hunts. Hands, seat and
style of the riders will count 50 per
cent in the judging. Performance of
the horses will count 50 per cent. The
show is presented by E. B. Snyder, of
Richmond, one of the veteran mem-
bers of the Deep Run Hunt Club, of
that city.

In former days the Deep Run and
Mahawk Clubs, the latter located in
Orange, frequently held joint hunts,
and it is expected by the show man-
agement that the "Old Guard" class
will prove one of the most popular
of the program, with a number of the
older riders in both clubs appearing in
the saddle. A handsome silver cup
will be awarded the winner. With
cash prizes amounting to approximately
\$500, and four races with awards
totaling \$510, make up this year's list
of events.

Practically all prominent stables in
Virginia and in the East will have
representatives in the ring here, with
races drawing some of the best
and steeplechase horses in the
state. The program is the most elab-
orate undertaken in the 30 years the
Orange horse show has blessed the
fair in the Old Dominion.

The 1929 event comes at a time
when most of the campaigners for
the new ring honors are in midseason form,
which means that the performances
here, with all the important breeders
and exhibitors sending the pick of their
horses into the fenced circle, will
bring the high mark of the summer
campaign.

**4-Acre Natural Park
Is Planned at Hancock**
Special to The Washington Post.
Hancock, Md., July 11.—A connec-
tion with the new high school building
to be erected here on the north side of
the National Highway, on Blue Hill,
which the town has purchased in the
West, there will be laid out a
4-acre natural park. The County
Board of Education took a 30-day
vacation on a plot of 300-foot frontage
and depth of 400 feet owned by Walter
Widmeyer, who announced he would
give the town 8 acres adjoining the
park grounds, and John T. Mason,
manager of Hancock, will give 5 acres
directly across Towloway Creek.
The creek, which has cliffs, flows
through the park, which is rich with
trees. Ample provision will be
made for an athletic field.

Old Dominion Ranks Second
in Cucumber Trade for
Week Ended July 6.

COMMERCIAL GAINS SHOW
UP IN CUCUMBER MARKET

Richmond, Va., July 11 (A.P.).—
Virginia shipped 3,978 cars of potatoes
rank first among all States in
amount of this product shipped dur-
ing the week ending July 6, it is sh-
own in reports received by Henry M. Ta-
Federal States agricultural statisti-
cian.

Car load shipments during the cor-
responding week last year amounted
3,085 cars. For the season through
July 6 there were 19,982 cars ship-
ped from the State, compared with 17
cars for the corresponding part of
year.

Virginia ranked second in shipments
of cucumbers, onions and carrots
the week and first in shipments of
plants. There were five cars of
plants shipped, this amount being
same as for the corresponding
last season. Cucumber ship-
amounted, to 54 cars, compared with
for the corresponding week last
year. Potatoes during the week
while shipments so far this season
118 cars, as compared with 107 cars
first six months of last year.

There were four cars of car-
shipped during the week, which
much less than 17 cars shipped dur-
the corresponding week last year.

Onion shipments amounted to
cars, as compared with 38 for the cor-
sponding week of last year, while
sonal shipments had amounted to
pung 71 cars. Virginia also ship-
during the week nine cars of at-
plants.

Virginia ranked third for the week
shipments of mixed vegetables. This
were 44 cars shipped during the week
59 for the corresponding week last y-
1,626 for the season through July
and 1,449 cars for the correspond-
part of last season.

Virginia also took third place for
week in shipments of tomatoes, at-
pung 71 cars. Virginia also ship-
during the week nine cars of at-
plants, one car of peaches, 34 cars
apples and nine cars of cabbage,
report shows.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LAW REVIEW COURSE, conducted by F.
S. Smith in preparation for December
Examination. Special Course—includes
instruction offered—beginning Aug. 1, 1929
8:30 p. m. to 10:30 p. m. The course
begins Sept. 16. Phone Metropolitan
0-2222.

WANT TO HAD FULL OR PART LOAN
to or from New York, Richmond, Bed-
ford, and all other points specified.
National Delivery Club, Inc., 1317 N.
W. Me. Bldg. Phone 1-1229.

METROPOLITAN CLUB OF WASHINGTON
D. C. Notice of Redemption of Two
Six Per Cent General Obligation Bonds of
Gold Bonds, dated July 15, 1924, due
July 15, 1929. The principal of the bonds
hereinafter described bonds and the in-
terest thereon, which the same are
issued and secured, the undersigned her-
by gives notice that the principal of the
bonds is due on July 15, 1929, at One Hun-
dred and Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) per
amount thereof, with interest accrued to
date of redemption. The principal of the
Six Per Cent General Obligation Bonds of
Gold Bonds, dated July 15, 1924, maturing July 15,
1929, shall be paid in full on the date of
the notice of said bonds should pre-
sent the same for payment on the date of
the notice of said bonds to the principal
office of the National Bank of Wash-
ington, District of Columbia, or to any
branch of the National Bank of Wash-
ington, District of Columbia, which said
interest coupons then and thereafter may
be presented for payment. The principal of
the bonds shall be paid in full on the
date of and after July 15, 1929. The
undersigned hereby certifies that J. C.
Charles C. Glover, Jr., treasurer.

RED TROOPS READY TO MOVE ON CHINA

Near Panic in Harbin When Soviets Are Ousted From Rail Control.

300 AWAIT DEPORTATION

Tokyo, July 11 (A.P.)—Rengo dispatches from Harbin, Manchuria, today stated that as a result of the Chinese authorities taking over complete control of the Chinese Eastern Railway today and ordering deportation of more than 300 Russian officials and employees, Soviet troops in Eastern Siberia were ready to move at Russian notice toward the Russo-Chinese border.

Tonight's dispatches said that Harbin was in a state bordering on panic and that business was at a standstill. Besides seizing the railway, the Chinese closed all Soviet consulates in North Manchuria and disbanded the Russian labor unions.

Will Deport 300 Russians. Thirty Russian officials were started for the border early this evening and about 300 others must go on Friday. There were wild scenes at the Harbin station as the train pulled out. Clashes between police and Russians were reported from many parts of the country.

The Chinese were stated to have taken over control as a counter move to a demand of M. Melnikov, Russian consul general at Harbin, for the release of numerous officials and employees arrested during the past day or two, by noon today.

The Chinese immediately dismissed M. Emschikov, manager, and replaced him by Fan Chin Kuang. Other high Soviet officials also were dismissed, while Russians being appointed in the place of many of those ousted.

Later dispatches from Harbin said that Chang Ching-Rui, governor of the Harbin district, handed Melnikov passports for all Soviet employees in the Harbin district demanding their withdrawal from Chinese territory within twelve hours.

This action in turn was the sequel of a threat in the rupture of relations and the information that all Soviet officials would immediately leave China.

Soviet troops were confined to their barracks under a heavy guard following the forcible dismissal.

Rupture Follows Meeting. It is understood that the Chinese action was the direct outcome of a meeting at Peking between Chang Hsueh-liang, governor of Manchuria; President Chiang Kai-shek; and Foreign Minister C. T. Wang, who are reported to have ordered the immediate seizure and full control of the railway.

The new manager issued a statement declaring that in the future white Russians or Russians naturalized as Chinese will replace the Soviet employees. It was even reported that Ostromov, manager of the railway under the czar, eventually will become manager.

Lu Yung-Huang, president of the Chinese eastern railway, issued a statement alleging that Soviet Russia was responsible for the rupture.

They Call It Politics

By CARTER FIELD

M. R. HOOVER has plenty to worry him these hot days. He wonders what to do about Congress apparently determined to enact precisely the opposite kind of a tariff from the one he thinks proper. He studies the farm relief program, condemned in advance by the Brookharts and the Norries as innocuous. How to keep Seymour Lowman muzzled, not only as to barbed wire fences and "perfect defenses," but to resigning, is another problem. Then what will be the effect on all these friendly newspapers and magazines if Walter Brown's investigation should result in forcing them to pay higher postal rates to make up for the deficit?

But when he becomes discouraged—there is no record that he ever does, but he might—or even if he becomes impatient, which he does with some frequency—he might consider the worries of the gentleman at the head of the other members of the English-speaking union, to wit, Ramsay MacDonald.

The weather in England may be more pleasant than along the banks of the Potomac, or even than the headwaters of the Rapidan, but it is a safe bet that Mr. MacDonald would gladly swap climates if he could swap problems at the same time.

M. R. HOOVER has been somewhat disturbed by his campaign promises to American agriculture. But at least he can claim in defense that the bill about to be administered by his farm board carries out these promises.

But during the British campaign Mr. MacDonald talked about at least three things which have already come home to roost with a vengeance. Compared to the difficulties of Mr. Hoover's position on the tariff that of Mr. MacDonald on the same subject is that of a tight-rope walker without a net.

Actually Mr. Hoover made no promises on the tariff during the campaign which can well rise to embarrass him. On the contrary, his running mate talked high tariff and higher tariff in nearly every speech he made.

"Five million pounds of butter were imported last year," Mr. Curtis told a huge audience in St. Paul, in the center of a countryside which produces more than three times the dollar value of dairy products than the United States is one vast wheat field. "That," he said, "is just what we need."

NOONE HANGS HIMSELF IN CLUB'S STOREROOM

Continued From Page 1.

early called to the scene. The former spoke highly of the dead man's "gentle nature" and character, and declared that Noone had not been himself in recent months because of poor health.

Noone was well known in amateur baseball circles, having been a star catcher with the St. Stephens, the Nationals and the Washington Senators. He was instrumental in organizing the Departmental League, and he served as its secretary and treasurer. He also had umpired many amateur games here.

Man With Many Friends. "Ma" Noone was born and raised in St. Stephens Parish and probably was the best known person in that section, his friends said last night. Pastors, policemen, men and children all knew and loved him, they said. In addition to his great interest in the affairs of the St. Stephens Church and the Holy Name Society, and as a boy served on the altar at the church.

Besides his widow and brother, Noone is survived by three daughters, Marjorie, 14 years old; Frances, 13 years old; and Eleanor, 4 years old. After the body had been viewed by the coroner it was turned over to Joseph Gwiler's Sons, Inc., funeral directors, of 1780 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, but arrangements for burial have not been made.

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POTENTIAL INTERESTS CONTROL GAS FIRM

Ownership of Capital Utility Is Bared to Commission at Conference.

EXTENSION PLANS CITED

Continued From Page 1.

one time said he was representing himself. Burroughs said that Pearson was not a broker but was one of the new owners in his own right, but subsequently inferred that Pearson did not own any of the shares he bought, or if so his holdings were very small. Nor would Burroughs make clear with what company Pearson was or had been connected.

The new owners intend to inaugurate their active control of the local gas company at a meeting of the board of directors of the Washington Gas Light Co. today, at which Burroughs is expected to be elected a director.

They paid approximately \$14,000,000 for the "approximately 110,000 shares" which they now own. There are only 130,000 shares of the gas company and their par value is \$20 a share. The new owners paid approximately \$125 a share.

Favorable Opinion Wanted. All the new owners want, Burroughs told reporters, is an even break "from Washington public opinion, declaring that plans call for a wide expansion of the service which will be rendered by the company. He promised this service at a rate of 10 percent.

The first action of the new owners, it was said, will be to submit a new rate schedule to the Public Utilities Commission. This schedule "will call for a reduction in rates because we can't do the volume of business we want to do unless we do that," he said.

One of its features will be a lower rate which will enable the gas company to compete successfully with coal and oil-burning heating plants for household and commercial heating, he said. Natural gas may be piped into Washington from West Virginia to supply part of the consumption in the District. But this is a matter for future determination, he said.

Not Interested in Valuation. "We are not interested in valuation," Burroughs said, "but it is certain that the new owners intended to do about the pending gas valuation proceedings. Both the suspended proceedings before the Public Utilities Commission and the suit in the District Supreme Court may be dismissed, he said, if the new owners do not wish to proceed with the suit. He added the proviso that of course the new owners did not intend to yield any of their legal rights.

Millions of dollars are to be poured into the expansion of the local gas company, Burroughs said. How much he was not prepared to say. Although his group paid \$14,000,000 for control of the company, he said, he did not know just what they were going to do with it. He explained this was because of the general conditions believe that the business of the local gas company can be materially expanded.

The great difficulty which has faced the Washington Gas Light Co. since it was taken over by the new owners, he said, was the restrictions in its charter which prevented it from raising adequate capital to take full advantage of the business opportunities and to give the territory served as broad a service as would be desirable.

More Capital to Be Sought. It is not proposed, however, to overcome this difficulty by seeking to have the charter granted by Congress amended, but to get additional capital by issuing securities of the Seaboard Trust Co. and the Washington Gas Light Co. to the public generally through the various agencies interested in the deal.

Large part of the business opportunity with provision made for utilization of the by-products. It may be that the by-products plant may attract heavy investment from large organizations from which the gas owners will get a profit, or the interests which have been acquired by the company, he said, will be sold to other lines themselves, utilizing the by-products of their gas works.

Whether the quality of the gas now produced by the company is good, he said, is to be lowered is not known. The quality required in the District is among the best produced for by utilities commissions. It has been suggested that the quality of gas needed for heating and cooking, for instance, need not be so high.

Burroughs of Wide Experience. Burroughs is to be the representative of the new owners on the board of directors, it was said. Formerly connected with utilities companies and gas companies, with training as an engineer, he was at one time chief engineer of the utilities commission of one of the Western States, although for the last twelve years he has been engaged in the investment business, so he has a knowledge of both the financial and technical side of the business.

It is not proposed to make a clean sweep of the board of directors, and always the board will have Washington men on it, Burroughs said. Some of these will be wanted for their technical and management knowledge and others because the new owners want to keep in close touch with Washington public opinion. Ord Preston, president of the Seaboard Trust Co. and the Utilities Commission that an investigation was to be made of the sale to ascertain whether the deal was in violation of the La Follette anti-trust law, forbidding foreign utilities or holding corporations to acquire, purchase or control stock in local utilities companies.

No Penalties Provided. The anti-trust law, none too perfect at best, provides no penalties for violation of its provisions, although it

weather, it is pointed out, and the postmen are at the mercy of vicious unleashed and unmuzzled dogs whenever they enter private premises to deliver mail.

In some instances the deliveries have already been stopped after the mail men were injured, according to Moore, and other withdrawals of service will follow on a large scale unless the post-office officials are given the cooperation of the patron.

The postal laws and regulations strictly uphold Moore in this stand, providing that delivery of mail can be stopped at once wherever such complaints are made by postmen. The mail in such instances will be held at the postoffice until called for, just as though it were marked "general delivery."

Districts in which the complaints have been made include, outside Washington, Chevy Chase and Takoma Park, Md., and Clarendon and Cherrylake, Va.

UNMUZZLED DOGS HALT MAIL DELIVERY

Continued From Page 1.

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Wingless Hen Produced To Increase Egg Laying

Omaha, Neb., July 11 (A.P.)—

The modern trend toward increased production has hit the egg industry. With it has come a new type of chicken—without wings or toe nails.

Dr. R. T. Renwald, Omaha poultry fancier, announced today that after 5 years' experimentation he has succeeded in producing a brood of such chickens.

Normal hens, said Dr. Renwald, are bothered each year with the moulting of their wing feathers; during this period egg production falls off. The new type hen, having no wings, can keep right on laying the year round, producing on the average, Dr. Renwald hopes, 300 eggs per year.

In addition, the new chicken will be easier to keep in a yard since she can't fly or scratch. An 18-inch fence will do.

cern owns 20 per cent or more of the local utility.

But whether the statement is satisfactory to utilities officials is another question.

"These gentlemen," said Maj. Gen. Mason M. Patrick, chairman of the commission, at the conclusion of the brief afternoon meeting, "have submitted to us in writing the same statement they made orally this morning. The matter has been referred to Mr. Bride for study. The commission has nothing further to say at this time."

People's Counsel Fiehrly also refused to comment. "I've just seen the statement and haven't had time to digest it and have nothing to say now," Fiehrly said, as he left Bride's office.

Bride said the statement was not satisfactory but that he would have to study it carefully before he could decide what course should be followed.

Definition May Be Moot Point. Much will depend, it is thought, on the definition of what constitutes a utility or holding company within the meaning of the anti-trust law. The Seaboard Investment Co., Burroughs insisted, is not a holding company and is not interested in any other utility company than the Washington gas concerns and does not contemplate acquiring interest in any other.

The new owners were fully cognizant of the anti-trust law and are confident that what they have done will get around its provisions, special note being made of the fact that none of those holding stock in the Seaboard Investment Trust holds as much as 20 per cent of its shares and, therefore, could not be accused of holding as much as 20 per cent of the gas company stock.

"The Washington Gas Co. was bought as an investment," Burroughs said, "and is not a utility company. The fact that it is a utility company is a matter of legal right, not of business fact."

When the new owners were fully cognizant of the anti-trust law and are confident that what they have done will get around its provisions, special note being made of the fact that none of those holding stock in the Seaboard Investment Trust holds as much as 20 per cent of its shares and, therefore, could not be accused of holding as much as 20 per cent of the gas company stock.

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IN this sale also are many ensembles, both for day and evening wear.

The sizes are as follows: 14, 16, 18, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48.

F STREET CORNER OF 13TH

GOURAUD, WAR HERO, IS CAPITAL'S GUEST

Continued From Page 1.

of the observation car to welcome him on his third visit to the Capital.

"I want every man who fought with the Rainbow Division, and every American, to know that he is my friend," said the general through an interpreter, as he speaks no English. "I have been asked how I like the United States. One's only feeling toward a nation must be a reflection of one's feeling toward its people. As I love every American, it is obvious that I must love the United States."

Gen. Gouraud was accompanied by his aids, Capt. Maurice Drouhin and Lieut. Bruno Daru; his secretary, Armande de Helle, and Col. William P. Screws, formerly of the Rainbow Division and now attached to the War College, who met the party at Baltimore and, in place of Col. "Wild Bill" Donovan, who was unable to take charge of the reception because of the death of a sister.

At the station he was greeted by Gen. Frank R. McCoy and Gen. A. J. Bowley, of the War Department, and Gen. Henry J. Riley, retired, all former Rainbow Division, who constituted the official welcoming committee representing the United States; Ambassador Paul Claudel and his military attaché, Maj. Georges Thénault, of the French Embassy and the group of former members of the old Forty-second Division now living in Washington, headed by Walker H. Colston, president of the District of Columbia chapter of the Rainbow Division, national vice president of the Rainbow Division organization, and Capt. Oscar Underwood, jr., son of the late senator from Alabama.

From the station, Gen. Gouraud was taken to the French Embassy, where he spent the evening resting after the arduous of his journey.

Today at 11 o'clock, he is scheduled to visit the Arlington National Cemetery to place a wreath upon the marble slab at the tomb of the Unknown Soldier, and at 1 o'clock he will pay his respects at the White House and convey the greetings of France to President Hoover. He is to be the luncheon guest of Col. Donovan.

Tomorrow at 2 p. m. Gen. Gouraud is to leave for Baltimore to attend the Rainbow Veterans' reunion. During the drive to the Champagne sector, Gen. Gouraud was in command of the French troops which were in charge of the sector, and to which the Rainbow Division was assigned. It was during this campaign, which Gen. Gouraud points out changed from failure to success from the moment the Rainbow Division entered the lines, that a firm friendship was cemented which resulted in the veterans making the general permanent honorary president of their organization.

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REAL ESTATE TAX PAYMENT DELAYED

Alexandria Council Makes
Concession on Behalf of
Property Owners.

PENALTIES NOT CHANGED

THE WASHINGTON POST BUREAU,
312 S. Washington St., Alexandria, Va.
Phone Alexandria, 523.

The city council yesterday adopted a resolution which adjusted some points in the payment of real estate taxes which had not been clear to the taxpayers. A resolution had been adopted postponing the date of payment of the first half of the tax from May 5 to June 15, but no provision had been made for charging the penalties which would be assessed for nonpayment.

As the tax ordinance now stands, the taxes for the first half of the year 1929 were due and payable April 15, and if not paid by May 15, this installment will be delinquent as of that date, the second installment is due October 15, and if not paid will be delinquent as of November 15.

The penalties to be assessed for nonpayment will be, on the first half, 1 per cent if paid during the period June 16 to 30; 2 per cent if paid in July; 3 per cent if paid in August; 4 per cent in September; 5 per cent in October; 6 per cent in November; 7 per cent in December. On the second half there will be a penalty of 1 per cent if paid in the period from November 16 to 30; 2 per cent if paid in December, and in addition to these penalties, interest at 6 per cent per annum will be added from January 1, 1930.

Several matters which were scheduled to be considered were held over, among them being the proposed purchase of an aerial fire truck, and the paving of several streets.

An application of Agnes G. Carl for a permit for the installation and operation of a gasoline filling station at the southwest corner of Washington and Wilkes streets was held over, as was a petition of a culvert over Taylor's Run on resolutions providing for the construction of a bridge over the culvert.

A resolution was introduced and held over under the rules providing for the reconstruction of the old tannery sewer, which was virtually destroyed in a recent storm.

A resolution providing for the construction of a bulkhead at the King street dock was held over to be considered in connection with similar work contemplated by the Old Dominion Boat Club at its dock at the foot of King street.

A resolution was adopted providing for the extension of gas mains in Section 5, Rosemont, it being shown that there were certain "dead ends" of mains which it is desired to connect up. Mrs. John W. Travers, president of the ladies' auxiliary of the volunteer fire department, appeared before the council with a request for the appropriation of funds to enable the Citizens Band to accompany the firemen to the state firemen's convention which will be held in Lexington. The amount required was stated to be approximately \$500 and the council appropriated \$250 with the understanding that the balance of the money would be raised by the auxiliary.

Mrs. Richard B. English was unanimously re-elected president of the American Legion Auxiliary at the annual

meeting of that organization held last night at the George Mason Hotel.

Other officers elected were: Mrs. W. Milton Glasgow, first vice president; Mrs. Cameron Roberts, second vice president; Mrs. Chas. E. Mammoth, recording secretary; Mrs. Louis Hoy, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Sidney Weil, treasurer; Mrs. E. Burnett Allen, historian; Mrs. T. W. Hamilton, chaplain, and Mrs. James M. Duncan, Jr., sergeant at arms.

Mrs. English announced the personnel of the advisory board for the Girl Scout troop sponsored by the unit as follows: Mrs. Chas. E. Mammoth, chairman; Mrs. James M. Duncan, and Mrs. St. Clair D. Shelton.

Mrs. F. Clinton Knight presented an appeal from the Legion Post for assistance from the auxiliary in giving a lawn party early in August, and Mrs. Julian P. Ballenger was appointed chairman of the committee to help with this affair.

The delegates elected to represent the local unit at the department convention to be held in Petersburg, Va., September 3, 4 and 5, 1929, are: Mrs. Richard B. English, Mrs. George W. Roop, Mrs. Milton Glasgow, Mrs. Forrest Remschel, Mrs. W. Cameron Roberts, Mrs. Chas. E. Mammoth, Mrs. Sidney Weil, Mrs. E. Burnett Allen, Mrs. T. W. Hamilton, Mrs. James M. Duncan, Jr., and Mrs. F. Clinton Knight.

Mrs. Thomas Ennis, of the 700 block Orinoco street, was painfully injured when an automobile in which she was a passenger, driven by Miss Dorothy Smith, of 910 King street, was struck by a machine said to have been driven by George Wood, colored, of the 500 block North Columbus street, at the intersection of Duke and Henry streets. Mrs. Ennis was treated for her injuries, which are not serious, by Dr. C. A. Amos.

Wood was arrested by Policemen Smoots and Rawlett and charged with colliding and reckless driving. The case will be heard in police court today. Wood having furnished bond for his appearance.

The condition of Harriet English, 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James English, who was injured by being struck by a truck Wednesday, and who is in the Alexandria Hospital, was reported last night as being favorable. The child is said to be rapidly recovering from her injuries, which consisted of a fractured arm and leg and bruises.

C. B. Wathen, who was injured in a fall from a scaffold while at work on the new J. C. Penny Co. building on King street, is also rapidly recovering from his injuries, it was reported at the hospital. Wathen received cuts on the head and injuries to his shoulder.

**High Herd Listed
In Prince William**

**Cows of J. E. Johnson Rank
First With 938 Pounds
of Milk in Month.**

Manassas, Va., July 11.—The high herd in the Prince William County Dairy Herd Improvement Association in June was owned by J. E. Johnson, of Catlett, his herd of nineteen grade Holsteins and mixed cows averaging 938 pounds of milk and 35.05 pounds of butter fat, according to test report made public today.

J. E. Barrett, of Manassas, captured the individual cow average with a record of 2,065 pounds of milk and 70.3 pounds of fat.

Interest in the herd tests of the association is keen each month and competition is sharp for the honor of high herd and high cow. In addition to awarding first herd and first cow for the month, outstanding cows in each herd are placed upon an honor roll.

LOCATION OF DRUGS STONE CASE PUZZLE

Missing Chest Seen as Possible
Source of Poison That
Killed Youth.

WAS BEQUEST BY DOCTOR

Special to The Washington Post.

Belair, Md., July 11.—The whereabouts of a chest of drugs bequeathed by a Havre de Grace physician to his nurse was the chief point of investigation today in the mysterious poisoning of George Stone. The nurse, who lives in Havre de Grace, is said to be an intimate friend of Mrs. Edith Stone, who is being held in the Hartford County jail on the charge of murdering her son.

The chest, according to investigators, contained poisons as well as harmless drugs. The physician died about a year ago in New Jersey.

The authorities so far have been unable to learn anything significant in their investigation of another possible source of the poison. They have been trying to find a connecting link between the Stone deaths and two thefts of poison from Havre de Grace veterinarian's garage.

But to date they have uncovered nothing that would indicate the thefts had anything to do with the deaths.

The bodies of Mrs. Stone's husband, Edward, and her older son, Edgar, have been exhumed and chemists are analyzing the stomachs to see whether the husband and older son died of poison. No announcement of the chemists' report has been made yet by the authorities.

If it is found that poison killed the husband and first son, the bodies of the husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Stone, may be exhumed.

**WHIRLPOOL DRAWS
GIRL, 17, TO DEATH**

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

around the neck in unsuccessfully attempting a rescue.

The Kansas girl, exhausted in her dual fight to avoid the whirlpool and to avoid being drowned in attempting to aid her companion, managed to swim ashore and summon assistance. Responding to a call, the harbor police boat Major Hesse, of Washington, dragged the waters in vain until a late hour last night searching for the body.

The drowned girl last month finished her second year in the Mackay High School at Indianhead.

**Worth While
Moments!**

When the appetite is whetted by a refreshing fruit cocktail—and the waiter brings on an appetizing main course of sumptuous goodies... Then, oh, then, is the time when life is really wonderful!

Enjoy this feeling at
THE CAVALIER CAFE
3500 14th Street
Breakfast, Luncheon, Dinner

Maryland U. Sued For Withheld Pay

Associate French Professor
Claims \$1,300 Due Him
for Services.

Baltimore, Md., July 11.—A suit against the University of Maryland to recover back salary alleged to be due for his services as associate professor of French has been filed with the Circuit Court for Prince Georges County by Charles L. Sill, it was learned today.

Diamond of the suit will be asked by J. Hubner Rice, assistant attorney general for Maryland, on the ground the claim is unjust and that the University, as a part of the State government, cannot be sued.

Mr. Sill, now an instructor in French at the Johns Hopkins University Summer School, asks \$1,300 from the university as salary due him from January 1, 1927, to the end of the school year, Mr. Rice said. Mr. Sill's pay was withheld by Dr. Raymond A. Pearson, president of the university, on the advice of the attorney general's office, according to Mr. Rice.

According to Caesar L. Aiello, of Hyattsville, who with Prew Savoy, of Washington, is representing Sill, the professor and Dr. Pearson had unpleasantness which resulted in the resignation of Sill, effective at the close of the school year. Dr. Pearson, however, insisted that it was effective immediately.

Health Officer Reappointed.

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 11 (Special).—Dr. W. Ross Cameron has been reappointed director of the Berkeley County health unit by the county board. It is expected that the city of Martinsburg will also rename him, combining the work, as during the past year.

Post Classified Ads put pep and power in your purse. Try them. Call National 4205 for an ad-taker.

VIRGINIA ANGLERS PLAN STATE GROUP

Izaak Walton League Units
Will Meet With Leading
Conservationists.

BANQUET TO BE FEATURE

Special to The Washington Post.

Gordonsville, Va., July 11.—Conservationists from many points in Virginia will gather here tomorrow for a conference on plans for a State association of the Izaak Walton League of America Chapter. Plans will be presented by Edgar S. Bradley, of Chicago, director of extension for the league.

This conference is simultaneous with a banquet in reception tendered by the Gordonsville Chapter and other Izaak Walton League units throughout the State to Maj. A. Willis Robertson, chairman of the Virginia Commission of Game and Inland Fisheries, and the members of his commission, the banquet being a recognition of the community of interests between the Izaak Walton League and the conservation principles being put into effect by Maj. Robertson's body.

Gov. Byrd and other State officials, as well as leading conservationists of the State, have signified their intention of being present at the banquet, which will begin at 6:30 p. m. on the Memorial Hall. In event of unfavorable weather the banquet will be transferred to the hall.

Those who are expected to take part in the conference with Bradley are expected to meet early in the afternoon, and possibly an evening session will be held after the banquet. M. E. Mount, of Lynchburg, acting State secretary of the league, will be chairman of the banquet.

Extensive projects of conservation

Mrs. Annie E. Dyche Dies As Result of an Accident

Berkeley Springs, W. Va., July 11.—Mrs. Annie E. Dyche, 63, wife of George C. Dyche, died at her home here yesterday following a long illness, dating back, it is said, to an injury in an accident when she was alighting from a train at Hancock, Md. She was a native of this county, a daughter of the late John H. and Mary Ring Buzzard, and spent all her life here. Her husband, one brother and one sister survive.

Rowlesburg to Sound Curfew.

Oakland, Md., July 11 (Special).—

The curfew ordinance is again to be enforced at the town of Rowlesburg, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 22 miles west of here. After many years of silence, the fire siren will blow each night at 8 o'clock, and all children under 16 years of age must be off the street unless accompanied by parent or guardian.

Lynchburg Young Woman Is Wed.

Lynchburg, Va., July 11 (Special).—Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Hughes, of this city, have announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Virginia F. Hughes, to Lilburn H. Henaley. The ceremony occurred July 11 in Baltimore, where they will live.

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HOTEL MANGER**
Heart of 7th Ave. 50-51st Sts.
Times Square
Dinette

2000 Rooms

Rooms with running water . . . \$2.50
For two . . . 3.50
Rooms with shower or bath and shower . . . 3.00-5.00
For two 4.00-5.00-6.00
No Higher Rates

Atlantic City
ROUND 4 TRIP
Sunday, July 14
Similar Excursions
July 28
Aug. 11-25
Sept. 8-22

Leaves Washington 6:15 A.M.
Arrives Atlantic City 11:00 A.M.
Returning Same Day
Leaves Atlantic City 7:00 P.M.
Leaves Philadelphia 9:15 P.M.
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Baltimore & Ohio

Cuticura Soap
WORLD-FAMOUS FOR DAILY TOILET USE
THE every-day use of Cuticura Soap, assisted by occasional applications of Cuticura Ointment, when required, is your best insurance against skin troubles. They not only cleanse and purify, but also enhance and preserve the natural qualities of the skin and hair.
Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold everywhere. Sample each free.
Address: "Cuticura," Dept. 47, Malden, Mass.

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Notice the "Where to Buy It" listings in the Classified Section [yellow pages]. Many nationally advertised products are now listed under their own names and with their trade marks, followed by the names of the dealers who carry them. This service will help shoppers to avoid tiresome trips from store to store in search of a specific article.

Always look up telephone numbers in the directory before calling, as each new issue contains many new and changed listings.

**THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC
TELEPHONE COMPANY**

DASHING MODES for the Sunny Sea-Side

WHEN Diana goes out to swim, she wears a Glen Leigh Suit of shirt and shorts that give her an abundance of freedom. . . . \$5.95

BEACH-BOUND, she wears a Terry Cloth Robe, absorbent and very smart in design. Of green and orange or blue and tan. . . . \$5.95

Bathing Ensembles of imported French Jersey, in yellow and red with deep U sunburn back. Belt of self material with matching knee-length coat. . . . \$29.50

Aviation Cap, fastening under the chin. In white, red, green, blue or orange. . . . \$1

Rubber Shoes, 85c. . . . With Heels, \$1.50

Rubberized Moire Bags, \$5.00
In Blue, Yellow or Green

SURF DEPT.—THIRD FLOOR

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Friday, July 12, 1929.

TARIFF JUSTICE TO ALL.

Democratic senators who are shaping the policy of their party are making much of the foreign protests against increases in the United States tariff. Apparently it is the intention of these senators to oppose revisions that will afford protection to American manufactured goods, on the ground that foreign nations will retaliate and thus destroy the \$10,000,000,000 market which Americans find abroad.

If the Democratic party wishes to remain on the losing side of the tariff question, it will vote in favor of concessions to foreign producers at the expense of American industry, agriculture, and labor.

The Republican party is charged with the responsibility of enacting the new tariff law. If that party should be so unwise as to boost the tariff unnecessarily, thus adding to the consumer's cost of living and inviting reprisals from foreign nations, the Democratic party can well afford to let its rival make that mistake.

What the Democratic party can not afford to do is to oppose tariff duties that will counteract the advantages enjoyed by foreign producers, who pay wages that would be scorned by American workmen. A vote to admit foreign low-wage goods into ruinous competition with American high-wage goods is a vote aimed at the destruction of the American standard of living and American prosperity.

When the pleas of foreign governments are analyzed it will be found that they are asking the United States to permit low-wage goods to come into the American market in competition with home industries that pay high wages. Are Americans such fools that they will hand over to foreigners the richest market in the world, and shut up their own factories?

American exporters, particularly automobile manufacturers, are alarmed at the foreign protests against a threatened high tariff. It may be that automobiles do not need a high protective duty. If not, the duty should be reduced. But Congress should not sacrifice any American industry for the sake of boosting American automobile sales abroad.

A protective duty that equalizes the cost of production, or which places American industry on a fair competitive footing with foreign industry seeking the American market, is not only fair and just but it is indispensable if the American people are to remain employed at good wages. No nation has a right to object to equality of competitive conditions in trying to sell to Americans. Every nation has a right to protect its own producers, and all of them are doing so in one form or another. Americans are not complaining when they find themselves confronted with fair duties in entering foreign markets.

The poverty pleas put forth by some of the foreign governments are both shameful and fraudulent. What they really ask is that they be given special privileges in the American market. They ask Americans to admit goods produced by poorly paid and overworked labor in preference to American goods produced by well-paid American labor. These pleas are an insult to American intelligence, and deserve no consideration whatever.

No tariff war will develop as a result of self-respecting protective tariff legislation by the United States. The nations that are now clamoring against imaginary hardships to flow from the new tariff have no reason to demand anything but fair and equal treatment. As President Hoover said in his message to Congress, "No discrimination against any foreign industry is involved in equalizing the difference in costs of production at home and abroad, and thus taking from foreign producers the advantages

they derive from paying lower wages to labor. Indeed, such equalization is not only a measure of social justice at home but by the lift it gives to our standard of living we increase the demand for those goods from abroad that we do not ourselves produce."

"Social justice" is involved in tariff-making. Congress is bound to enact a tariff that will do justice to all Americans. By doing justice to them it will be doing justice to all foreign countries. Any denial of necessary protection to Americans, for the sake of encouraging the export trade, or for the sake of admitting cheap-labor foreign goods, is a denial of social justice. Exporters must make their own way in the world trade. They can not be permitted to make breaches in the tariff wall, to the damage of their fellow Americans in other industries.

The point is emphasized that the new tariff law should have due regard for the foreign trade. That is a good point. An outrageous tariff, designed to shut out all foreign products, would be a deadly blow at American foreign trade. But there is no indication that such a tariff law will be enacted. The danger lies, not in the making of an effective and equitable protective tariff, but in the enactment of a weak and inequitable law that will work hardship and ruin upon some American industries for the sake of boosting foreign trade.

The Republican party should stand pat on the protective tariff principle. Let there be no wobbling, either under foreign threats or at the behest of American exporters. Every American industry, all agriculture, and all workmen who are subject to the injurious competition of foreign underpaid industry are entitled to adequate protection. The principle of protection has made America busy and prosperous. If it will adhere to this principle it can stand against the world, with its millions of workers enjoying good wages and decent standards of living. The surplus they produce can be sold abroad in spite of tariffs, because Americans, backed by the world's richest market—their own monopoly—and by energy and machine ingenuity can and do produce goods in many branches of industry more cheaply than foreigners can produce them. Take away the American monopoly of the American market, and producers here could not sell either at home or abroad unless they reduced wages to the world level.

OUTGOING AMERICANS.

The number of passports issued from the State Department in the month of May of this year was greater than the number issued in any one month since the World War. Fees collected from this source reached \$337,150, or at the rate of \$10 for each document handed to the traveler. During the six months which ended with June there were 133,685 official permissions to travel abroad granted to American citizens, exceeding the total of such permits for the corresponding period of 1928 by 3,862.

It is expected that the aggregate for the year will reach almost 200,000, as the number of requests for passports has grown steadily year by year. In 1923 123,656 were issued. In 1926 the number had mounted to 176,033 and last year to 189,308.

However, the passports issued by no means indicate the total movement of Americans across the seas. In the first place a whole family may travel on one such permission, and it frequently happens that parties of five or more leave on one document. Then again, alien residents who have not received their final papers of naturalization, are granted permits to travel outside the boundaries of the United States, and under these permits the alien may return to this country, provided he does so within a year. These permits are issued from the Department of Labor and there were 119,977 papers of this character from the office of the commissioner general of immigration during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1928, and about an equal number during the last twelve months.

It is therefore within reason to estimate that during 1929 more than 1,000,000 residents of this country will have traveled beyond the seas, and as experts estimate that each traveler spends about \$1,000 it would appear that the total thus passed across the oceans from the pockets of the Yankees will approximate \$1,000,000,000.

It should be remembered in this connection that passports are not required for travel into Canada, Cuba or the British West Indies, and that during the summer thousands of American cars, averaging four passengers to a car, pass over the Peace Bridge at Buffalo into Canada every week. Other thousands cross at Niagara Falls, Detroit and over the highways of the Northwest. No official statistics are required to prove that these travelers from the arid regions of the United States to the somewhat humid districts of Canada do not bring back with them all the funds that they carry away.

VOLTAIRE VS. BOSTON.

The judgment of customs authorities at Boston on the literary merits of Voltaire's "Candide" has been reversed by the Treasury Department. The decision is not likely to be taken to heart by the Boston authorities, because they have no official standing as literary critics. On the other hand they may comfort themselves by the knowledge that they have stimulated more interest in this old French classic than a dozen first-class critics might have done by praising it.

"Candide" was published in 1759 and from that year until a few weeks ago enjoyed a high reputation among the literature of the world. It has always been recognized that it is not a fairy story for children, but the literary world has failed to find anything in it which is objectionable to intelligent men and

women. Its brief period of official opprobrium will not injure the classic, but it may result in a reaction against that type of censorship to which it was subjected.

It would be interesting to know what part the furore of the literary world over the Boston censor's decision played in the final pronouncement of the Treasury Department. What would have happened if "Candide" had been modern? In all likelihood it would have been excluded from the United States by customs officials, and an appeal to the higher courts of the Treasury would not have had the backing of public opinion and professors of literature.

A reconsideration of the policy of the Government toward literature of other peoples would be timely. If censors at the ports of entry continue to pronounce classics obscene, only to have their decisions reversed after a vigorous expression of public opinion, our official censors will become the laughing stock of the world. The present incident has drawn caustic comment from abroad. Readers would like to know if the Government is to continue harrasing books because certain passages in them do not meet with the approval of customs officials.

A New England hen lays an egg with no insides and a South Carolina hen produces an egg containing two insides, so everything in this grand country comes out even.

Only Secretary Mellon returned from the holiday in time for the Cabinet meeting. First thing you know, the President will have to be putting in punch clocks.

PSYCHIATRY FOR CRIMINALS.

In the opinion of Justice Joseph M. Proskauer, of the New York Supreme Court, less law and more of the sciences of psychology and psychiatry are needed in the administration of criminal justice. Our treatment of criminals, he suggests, should be changed to correspond to the teachings of these two sciences.

Speaking recently before the annual New York City Conference of Social Work, he declared that the criminal is more important than the crime, and instead of punishing a criminal according to the severity of the crime which he has committed we should treat him with a view to his environment and mental background. With that sort of treatment, he asserted, young people, who form so great a proportion of first offenders, would be reclaimed to society instead of becoming hardened criminals.

"We must dispel the fallacy that the man who wants to recognize the facts of psychiatry in the practical administration of justice is a sentimentalist who wishes to coddle criminals," he said. "We hear on all sides expressions of the gravest dissatisfaction with the results of the administration of the criminal law. We are told of crime waves and of criminals going unwhipped of justice and the easy libel on the lips of the unthinking is to add severity to punishment."

"We must next disabuse the public mind of the popular misconception that the object of the criminal law is to punish crime. Its real object is not to punish, but to protect society from the depredations of the criminal. It is a measure of self-defense for society."

"We must remember that our goal is not vengeance; it is not punishment in and for itself; it is the protection of society with its use of vengeance and punishment only in so far as they are serviceable means to that end. Psychiatry has bearing upon these means in two aspects. In its first aspect it has to do with the task which the courts have set themselves of determining the mental responsibility of the offender before the bar of criminal justice. We have thus far fatuously divided mankind into the sane and the insane. We formally announce that that man is sane who understands the nature and quality of his act and can distinguish right from wrong. And today we maintain that shibboleth in the face of the demonstrated truth that this definition has not the slightest relationship to factual medical insanity."

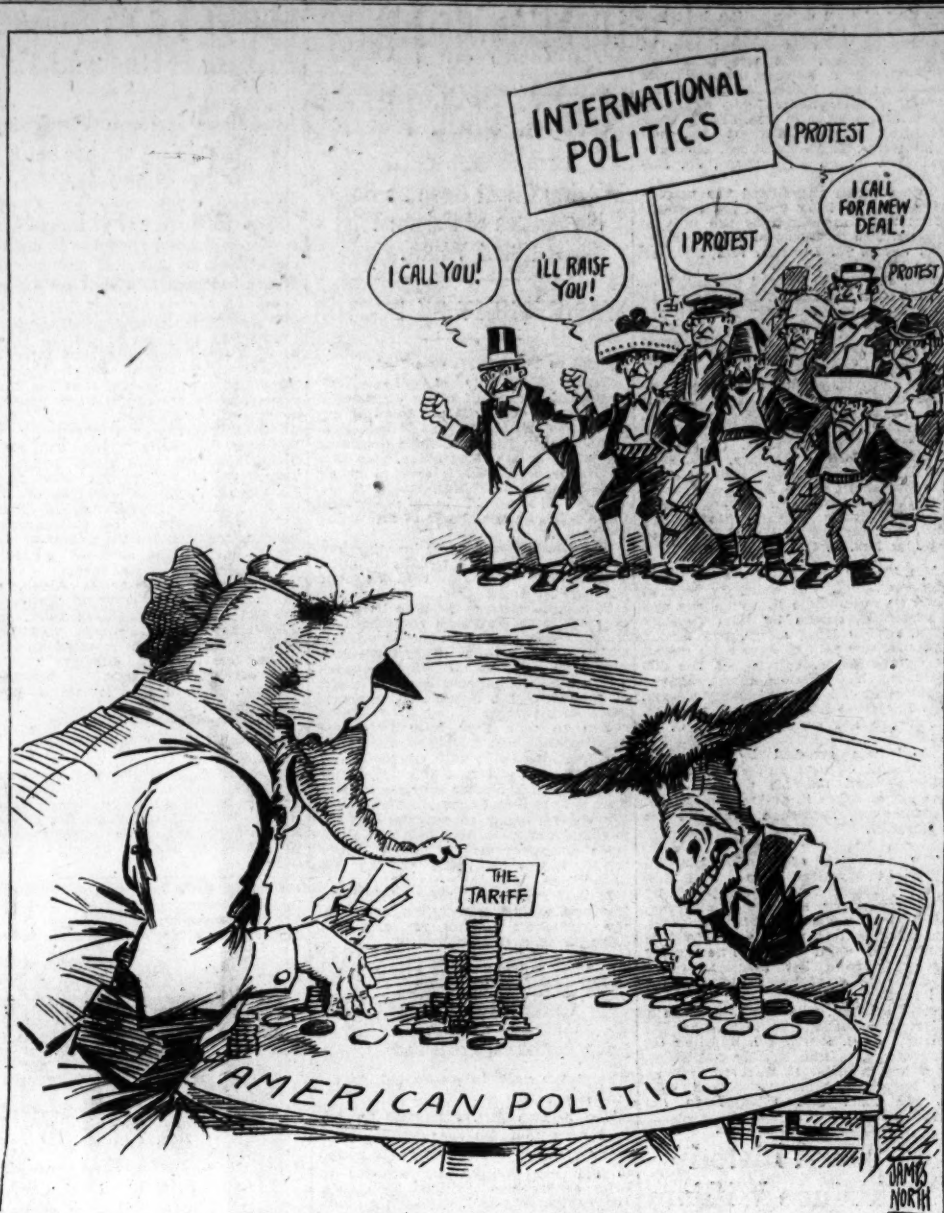
"The result is that our courts are cluttered up with testimony of conflicting experts; judges and lawyers and jurors alike grope about like blindfolded men in the endeavor to place a man in a fixed category, when in point of fact in the very largest proportion of cases where the issue of insanity arises the defendant is really a psychopathic case. In a twilight zone, a fit patient for psychiatric treatment, and yet the jury is compelled to say that he is either sane or insane, when the wisdom of the medical profession would themselves be unable to deliver such a categorical judgment."

"Such a system results in injustice to the State as well as to the criminal. There are any number of cases where men who should be restrained under definite medical care have been allowed to go free because a jury did not wish to brand them as criminals, and there are just as many cases where men decay in prison who might be reclaimed as useful members of society."

"Certainly it is not too much to ask that with respect, at least, to youthful offenders, and particularly to youthful first offenders, the administration of justice should begin to work hand in hand with the psychiatrist for the reclamation of valuable human material. Upon conviction they should be placed under restraint for the protection of society. The duration and the character of that restraint must be determined by the careful observation of penologists and psychiatrists, subject, of course, to such review as will prevent abuse."

"There must be basic change, and if such an offender would be passed into the hands of a board authorized to confine him, to study his peculiarities, to cure him if he can be cured, so to speak, and then release him from his custody, and to retain him in his custody so long as he is not cured, we should have a system better designed for the welfare of the offender and of society alike."

"I have wondered how best we might take the first step along this path which the best thinkers of psychiatry believe that we of the law should follow. The validity of their belief, I think, we might most easily test out by securing legislation to apply these theories in the first instance to first offenders under the age of 21. A fair trial would involve a separate penal institution under the direction of the best and ablest men which penology and psychiatry can give us."



The Tariff Is a Local Issue.

PRESS COMMENT.

Possibly.
Atlanta Constitution: All semiannual bank statements prove that business is on the upgrade. Probably that is why money is steep.

They Will Leave.
Detroit News: Dr. Morris Fleischbein is quoted as saying that a man's teeth and hair are his best friends, but even the best of friends will fall out.

Unfortunately.
Cincinnati Enquirer: It is planned to raise city speed limits, but, unfortunately, the leaping muscles of the pedestrian will remain the same.

Advance Preparation.
Morristown Jerseyman: Seventeen boys took the course in cooking in a Buffalo high school. Most of us learn to get breakfast after we're married.

Be prepared.
Indianapolis Star: The citizen planning a vacation tour across the international line should not neglect to equip himself with a bullet-proof vest.

Wet Old Aids.
Ohio State Journal: Everything goes by comparison in this old vale of tears and laughter, and Senator Wesley L. Jones, of the State of Washington, author of the Jones law, probably regards old Andrew J. Volstead as a wet.

He Knows.
Louisville Courier Journal: An Evanston Ill. preacher advertised for a thief to keep his shirt but return a sermon he had left in the pocket. The good man probably knew which would give his erring brother the more comfort.

Put Him in the Jags.
Louisville Courier Journal: Commissioner of Prohibition Dorian says that when Senator Gould allowed grape juice to ferment in his home he violated the Volstead law. That being the case, why does not the commissioner arrest the senator, even if he has to do it with a sawed-off shotgun?

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST

ADVICE.

I know very well what you want to say—
It never should rain on your picnic day.
It never should rain and spoil your joy.
But the fact remains that it does, my boy.
Somehow, no matter how much we fuss,
Life isn't concerned with pleasing us.
Not often are things as we'd have them be.
To follow our fancies we're seldom free.
It is better to laugh than it is to weep.
But out of grief's clutches no one can keep.
We must face our cares as they come along.
And it's no use walling that life's all wrong.
Don't sigh too much when the rain comes down.
When your cart is upset, don't stop to frown.
Just pick up your apples as best you can.
Trouble swoops down upon every man.
Of course, life shouldn't your plans destroy.
But the fact remains that it does, my boy.
Don't get to thinking that life's unfair.
Because you've a burden or two to bear.
Don't pity yourself; for you'll never see
Everything here as it ought to be.
This life is a blend of both good and bad.
So make the best of what comes, my lad.
(Copyright 1929.)

A "Nervous Breakdown" Frequently Follows an Acute Case of Martyrdom.

By ROBERT QUILEN

BLESSED are those who don't expect much. They never go to sanitariums.

The victims of "nerves" are people who feel mistreated. Only in the rarest of cases does hard work alone cause a "nervous breakdown."

In most cases it is the mind that breaks, and it breaks because of brooding. The beginning of the break is vanity. And when vanity is thwarted and denied its own way, it sits and suffers in silence—feeling sorry for itself, inwardly raging because of its helplessness, stubbornly determined never to surrender and accept the inevitable—and after a few months of morbid resentment, there is a job for the "specialist."

Man is born with an appetite for freedom. He resents restraint as naturally as he resents a blow. The best natured of infants will yell when his arms are held.

Why, then, does resentment of restraint result in disaster? Can it be that anything so natural is harmful? As a matter of fact, resentment is not harmful if given free rein. Endeavor to thwart a normal man or restrain him and he will fight tooth and nail to win freedom and overcome the obstacles that hinder him. That is natural. And whatever the result may be, the fact that he did his best will preserve the man's self-respect and enable him to accept the inevitable without shame.

It is self-imposed restraint that causes "nerves."

One who resents the scheme of things and yet curbs the natural impulse to fight against it is opposing nature and inviting trouble.

When conscience or hurt feelings or a morbid delight in martyrdom prompts endurance of a state of affairs that is hateful, the usual result is a brooding self-pity that threatens sanity.

You can't go contrary to nature and avoid scars. Nature urges you to struggle when you resent restrictions. If you refuse to struggle and force yourself to submit though your heart is hot with resentment, you must pay for your violation of natural law. Resentment, like steam, will wreck the premises if you confine it.

There are people, long schooled in humility and obedience, who expect nothing and are incapable of self-pity, but those who have normal pride must fight to save their souls.

This does not mean that one should go through life kicking against the inevitable. To rage against what can't be helped is childish and silly.

But to preserve complete sanity, a man must avoid the self-imposed martyrdoms that lead to morbid brooding, and must fight for liberty and right and justice.

Accept the inevitable cheerfully, but refuse to believe it is inevitable while you have the strength to fight or a chance to run.
(Copyright 1929.)

THE ONCE OVER

By H. I. PHILLIPS

THE RADIO ANNOUNCER EXPLAINS POPULAR MUSIC.

"Just a Vagabond Lover." Now, folks, in this selection you will hear one of the touching folk-songs of the American people. The author, as you perhaps know, is Rudy Vales, who was 8 years old before he ever took a lesson and who originally intended to become a hardscholar player or dentist. One summer, while on a hitch-hike trip with a Viennese beauty, the idea for this exquisite fantasy came to him. As the song begins you see him groping about for something that will express his longing for a better understanding of the Hoover tariff bill, and then, as the violinists swing into action, you seem to hear a distant strapping of gears. Here the mood changes and there is a suggestion of a rag carpet being shaken out of a third-story window. The tempo increases smartly to indicate the frying of an egg, sunny side up, in a cottage by the sea. Then the saxophones break out quite unnecessarily to show unrequited love and the number comes to a conclusion with a far-away moan of a lady falling out of a canoe. This is one of the maestro's earliest works and was written while still a Methodist.

"Heigh Ho, Everybody! Heigh Ho! Now, ladies and gentlemen, we come to one of the most moving compositions in the Liszt-Berlin period. It took form originally in the composer's head as a march, whose idea was to commemorate the invasion of Russia in 1812 by Napoleon I. An attack of scarlet fever changed this and the composer decided to make it a fantasia depicting the gradual evolution of the Philadelphia Athletics. He fell sick again, which probably was just as well, and finally determined to write a number that would depict the sufferings of the American investor under the Federal Reserve Board. Listen carefully to the frequent changes of mood. The selection opens with a gnome dance as the Own Your Own Gnome Festival, while on a hitch-hike trip with a Viennese beauty, the idea for this exquisite fantasy came to him. As the song begins you see him groping about for something that will express his longing for a better understanding of the Hoover tariff bill, and then, as the violinists swing into action, you seem to hear a distant strapping of gears. Here the mood changes and there is a suggestion of a rag carpet being shaken out of a third-story window. The tempo increases smartly to indicate the frying of an egg, sunny side up, in a cottage by the sea. Then the saxophones break out quite unnecessarily to show unrequited love and the number comes to a conclusion with a far-away moan of a lady falling out of a canoe. This is one of the maestro's earliest works and was written while still a Methodist.

polluted waters.
In for a swim and
A surcease from toil;
Out smeared with melon
And grapefruit and oil.
A German says he can fly from Europe to America in six hours. Well, it will be a good trick if it takes twice as long.

TRAFFIC MOTHER GOOSE.
Mary had a little car,
It wasn't very slow,
But everywhere that Mary went
The lights would not read "Go."
She took it out one afternoon,
And suddenly fell dead;
She reached a crossing and the light
Showed green instead of red.
(Copyright 1929.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Why Should Sunday Be Made Blue?
Asks C. J. P., Who Points to Philadelphia as a Horrible Example.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The exact motive behind the agitation for enactment of Sunday observance, or blue laws, is not apparent. No one disputes the fact that humankind is entitled to one day's rest in seven, and every one is agreed that the Sabbath should be set apart from other days. But why it should be held desirable that legislation be placed on the statute books forbidding the public from enjoying innocent pastime on the seventh day mystifies most persons. Do blue law advocates believe that the enactment of legislation stopping recreation on the Sabbath will drive people into the churches?

The delegation that visited President Hoover last Wednesday to appeal for his support of legislation to close up Washington on the seventh day gave no exact reason why such legislation is desirable. "We believe firmly," said the Rev. David G. Wylie, president of the Lord's Day Alliance, "that the weekly day of rest is one of God's benedictions to a weary world." The assertion will not be disputed. "The proper observance of the day," he continued, "lessens crime, which has become a national disgrace." Again there can be no argument. But it does not seem that there is any connection between blue laws and the proper observance of Sunday.

Philadelphia can hardly be called a crimeless city. She has had graft in her police department; she has had gang killings, and she records every day the annual list of hold-ups, homicides, burglaries and other offenses. But Philadelphia has Sunday blue laws. Few other American cities are as tightly shut on the Sabbath.

Just why it is held desirable that Washington be made indigo on the Sabbath?
C. J. P.

Washington's Delightful Weather a Surprise to a Texas Visitor.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Touching on the protest against "hot weather propaganda" which appears over the signature of Houston R. Harper in your today's letter column, I should like to say that since coming here on July 1, your Washington weather has been a delightful disappointment to me.

During my preparations for departure from the largest city of Texas, where I have resided for a dozen years, I was made an object of solicitude and pity by friends and relatives, who consoled with me at the thought of my anticipated sufferings from the atrocious heat which I was scheduled to endure in the National Capital.

Last week, through the Fourth, the weather was simply marvelous, and while the days since have been hot, the nights have been delightful. On my arrival I requested that a fan be placed in my room, as to me it was unthinkable to pass a restful night without one. That fan has not as yet been called into service.

In Southwest Texas, we have months after months of unbroken heat similar to your Monday's weather, extending from May to October. I never heard half as much complaint about the heat in all my life as I have heard since coming here. Is it possible that Washingtonians are the spillover children of the weather god?

ARTHUR E. KNOLLE
Willard Hotel.

North Carolina Motorist Finds Washington Traffic Rules Easy—Traffic Handled Better Than Elsewhere.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: When in Washington July 4 I noticed in your column quite a controversy over traffic regulations in the City of Washington, and perhaps you might be interested in knowing what one car of tourists think of what you have in the way of regulating traffic.

We quite agreed with your views in the matter, and disagreed with the A. A. A. and all others holding that view. In our opinion Washington is the easiest city that we have ever encountered and the traffic is handled better than all the others that we have toured in and through. We spent four days this month in Washington, and found it much easier to drive in than even Richmond, Va., which is a baby in size. Moreover, in recent years we have been through a great many of the big cities of America from the Atlantic to the Pacific and quite a few from Mexico to Canada, and our vote is most emphatically with Washington.

I might add, also, that I am a loyal member of the A. A. A. and have supported them even before there was a club in North Carolina.

Keep up the good work and don't let any one fool you into hasty changes.
FRANK W. LEA.
Wilson, N. C., July 10.

Let the State War and Navy Building

Along, Says Correspondent.
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: There is a rumor that the exterior of the State War and Navy Building is to be changed and made to conform with the Treasury Building. In the first place, this could hardly be successful, as it is too tall for that style. We Americans have a fatal habit of getting one idea and running it to the extreme. The building is symmetrical, the entrances are imposing and it is a dream of beauty compared to the Interior Building (a huge tobacco factory) with its deadly monotony.

The Greek style is good, in certain places, but too much of it is chilling and tiresome. The State War and Navy Building is French in design, and no matter what the critics say, it does not tire you. No people understand the value of variety as well as the French. Would Paris be the interesting and beautiful place, which it is, if nearly all of the houses were like the Madeleine, however fine it is in itself?

In the new plan for the Mall it seems that one style, and one only is to prevail—a series of square buildings all with columns! Could anything be more monotonous?
Why do not the persons in charge of this immense and expensive project study the wonderful beauty of some of the buildings of Brussels, Antwerp, and other cities?
"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."
FLORENCE S. AUGUSTE

EVENTS OF INTEREST IN SOCIETY CIRCLES

Senora Agacio
At Guatemala
'Writes Home'News of Other Families
Reveals Activities in
Listant Places.

By JEAN ELIOT.

ITS of news of Washingtonians or quondam Washingtonians are drifting into town by letter or word of mouth to answer the query "What has become of —?" which one hears so frequently in this town of constant change.

Friends of Senora de Agacio, the very charming wife of Senor Don Federico Agacio, sometime counselor of the Chilean Embassy, have been receiving "petits bleus" from her, telling something of what she has been doing in the five months since she left Washington. It will be remembered that Senor Agacio was made Chilean Minister to Central America, with a roving commission among the five nations. He has already presented his credentials in the capitals of Costa Rica, Honduras, San Salvador and Guatemala, but has still to visit the capital of Nicaragua. When Senora de Agacio wrote last, they were in Guatemala after a pleasant stay in San Salvador, described as one of the most charming cities of Central America.

Word comes that Maj. and Mrs. Earl North are on their way back to Washington after a long period of duty in Hawaii. Maj. North, who is in the Engineer Corps, has been ordered to the War College and will report for duty on August 15. Meanwhile he and Mrs. North and their young daughter, Betty, have landed in New York after making the trip from San Francisco via the Panama Canal and have gone to Virginia Beach to visit Mrs. North's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Toy Dickson Savage.

Dorothy North and Hildreth Savage were two of the three charming Gatewood girls, daughters of the late medical director, James Duncan Gatewood, U. S. N., and Mrs. Gatewood, who were belles in Washington a dozen years ago. The third, Hattie, married Commander Henry E. Jenkins, Medical Corps, U. S. N., and they are at present in China, although due to come home within the next few months. Mrs. North having married into the army and Mrs. Jenkins into the navy, Mrs. Savage is the only one of the group who is static and her home is in Norfolk.

A contemporary of Mrs. North, who has been in and out of Washington occasionally of late, is Mrs. Lavinia Kees Watkins, who was Miss Ruth Bliss. The two girls made their debut the same year and have been close friends ever since. Mrs. Watkins also married into the army and for the last two or three years Col. Watkins has been stationed at Chattanooga, Tenn., in charge of important engineering work. A few months ago, however, he was ordered to Walter Reed Hospital for treatment and Mrs. Watkins came on to be with him. More recently Maj. and Mrs. Watkins had a cottage at Virginia Beach for a month and just now they are at Blue Ridge Summit, Pa., rather Mrs. Watkins is and Col. Watkins will join her as soon as he gets his final discharge from Walter Reed. They expect to return shortly to Chattanooga.

Senorita Carmen Alonso
Visits Spanish Envoy.

The Spanish Ambassador and Senora de Padilla have had as their guest Senorita Carmen Alonso, who has now gone to Philadelphia to pass several days. Senorita Alonso is a sister of the celebrated Spanish tennis player, and has been in this country since April. She will sail for Spain the end of this month after visits to Atlantic City and West Point and a short stay in New York.

The Chilean Ambassador, Senor Don Carlos G. Davis, has returned to the embassy after passing a few days at the Ritz Carlton in Atlantic City.

Dr. Leo S. Rowe, director general of the Pan-American Union, entertained at luncheon yesterday in honor of the newly appointed Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Mr. Charles E. Smith. Three Cabinet officers were among the guests, the Attorney General, Mr. William D. Mitchell, the Postmaster General, Mr. Walter F. Brown, and the Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Robert Patterson Lamont. Others in the company included the Acting Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Joseph M. Dixon, the Undersecretary of State, Mr. Joseph P. Cotton, the Solicitor General, Mr. Charles Evans Hughes, Jr., the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Perry K. Heath, Judge Barton Payne, of the American Red Cross, Col. U. S. Grant, director of public buildings and parks; the Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Mr. J. Henry Scattergood; Lieut. Comdr. Joel T. Boone, physician to the President; the chief of the Division of Mexican Affairs of the State Department, Mr. Arthur Bliss Lane, and Mr. Walter C. Thurston, also of the State Department.

Mrs. V. W. L. Robinson is stopping at the Kenilworth Inn at Asheville, N. C.

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To Live in Capital After Honeymoon



MRS. MORRIS CAFRITZ,
formerly Miss Gwendolyn Detre, of Budapest. The
marriage took place yesterday at the Mayflower. Mrs.
Cafritz is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Laszlo Detre, of
Budapest, her father being an internationally known
scientist.

Capital People
Enjoy 'Colony'
Near AnnapolisSeveral Take Cottages at
Wild Rose Shores,
on South River.

Commander and Mrs. Charles A. Baker have taken house at Wild Rose Shores, on South River, near Annapolis, for the summer—the latest to join a delightful colony which is growing up there. Mr. Philander C. Knox, Jr., has his children at Wild Rose Shores, and his mother, Mrs. Philander C. Knox, widow of the former Secretary of State, is spending part of the summer with him. Others from Washington who have cottages there are Mr. George Watson, president of the Liberty National Bank, and Mrs. Watson; Dr. and Mrs. Lievelyn Davis; Mr. and Mrs. William A. Boss, Mr. and Mrs. Boss are occupying Wild Rose Lodge, after which the place is named. This was long the home of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Wagman, of Washington. After the death of Mrs. Wagman two years ago, her son, Maj. Emmett Wagman and Mr. Floyd P. Wagman, began developing the great estate into a charming community. Wild Rose Shores boasts a fine beach for deep salt water bathing, which is gay with bright-colored parasols and the other amusing paraphernalia of fashionable watering places. It has an excellent harbor for yachts and smaller craft, offers fine fishing and duck shooting in the autumn. The old mansion house, once the scene of much hospitality, was built by Ben Cable, architect of the old New York Athletic Club, for Mr. John Wagman some 30 years ago in the midst of 80 acres of woodland, surrounded on three sides by water. The owner had his private golf course, one of the first to be opened in Maryland. On the estate is the site of the old South River ferry, operated during the Revolutionary War, which was the scene of

a thrilling escape of the hero of "Richard Carver".

Opposite Wild Rose Lodge is an old colonial brick mansion, which marks the site originally selected for Annapolis and which was built with this in mind. But the city had a mind of its own, as is the way with cities, and grew up a half-dozen miles away where the Severn empties into the Chesapeake. Wild Rose Shores is near the mouth of South River.

In addition to the "big house," Wild Rose Lodge has a bachelor house, where the men used to be put up when Mr. and Mrs. Wagman entertained large groups. They had famous clam bakes and oyster roasts on the shore; and Maj. and Mrs. Emmett Wagman occasionally give similar parties there even now. They plan to have several in the autumn when they close the cottage at Monterey, Pa., which they have taken for the summer. Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Wagman have a cottage at Nantucket, Mass., for the season.

The Charge d'Affaires of Cuba and Senora de Baron were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Shea, who entertained yesterday at the Mayflower. Others in the party included Mrs. Gladys Moon Jones, Dr. Benjamin Cohen, Miss Helen Critchett, Mr. and Mrs. Rafael Cabrera and Mr. Carter Field.

Col. John Lord O'Brien, newly appointed assistant to the Attorney General to succeed Col. William J. Donovan, has taken an apartment at Wardman Park Hotel for the summer months. Mrs. O'Brien was here for a week or two, but has returned to her home in Buffalo, Col., and Mrs. O'Brien made many friends in Washington during the war while he was serving as special assistant to the Attorney General.

Mrs. Joel T. Boone
To Visit Relatives.

Mrs. Joel T. Boone, wife of the resident's physician, Lieut. Comdr. Boone, U. S. N., and her small daughter, Suzanne, will leave Washington by motor on July 19 to visit relatives in Portsmouth, Va. Later they will go to Swampscott, Mass., to visit Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stearns for a fortnight. Mrs. Boone's father, Judge Koch, of Portsmouth, will accompany them to New England.

French Envoy
To Entertain
Gen. GouraudDistinguished Soldier to
Be Honored Guest of
Rainbow Division.

The French Ambassador, M. Paul Claudel, has as his guest at the embassy Gen. Henri J. E. Gouraud, who arrived last night. Gen. Gouraud, commander of the First Army of France during 1918 and now military governor of Paris, is the guest on his visit to this country of the Rainbow Division, and will attend the annual reunion to be held at Baltimore for three days beginning tomorrow. The ambassador will entertain at dinner this evening in the general's honor, and Col. Will-

iam J. Donovan, former assistant to the Attorney General, will be host at luncheon for him. Col. Donovan served in the Rainbow Division.

Tomorrow the chief of staff, Gen. Charles P. Summerall will give a luncheon in Gen. Gouraud's honor before he goes to Baltimore for the reunion.

Gen. Gouraud is accompanied by Lieut. Daru, who is also a guest at the embassy.

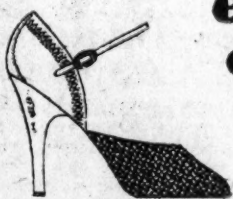
Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, who is now in Paris, will sail from Marseilles on July 20 on the Haruna Maru for Japan, accompanying her cousin, Dr. and Mrs. Rudolph Bolling Tuelier. Dr. Tuelier is head of St. Luke's International Hospital in Tokyo. Mrs. Wilson has decided to make a tour of the Far East to continue her study of international economic and political problems.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman has returned to her home in Washington after passing ten days in New York and Boston.

Maj. Gen. Benjamin A. Poore, U. S. A.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 8, COLUMN 4.

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continues...

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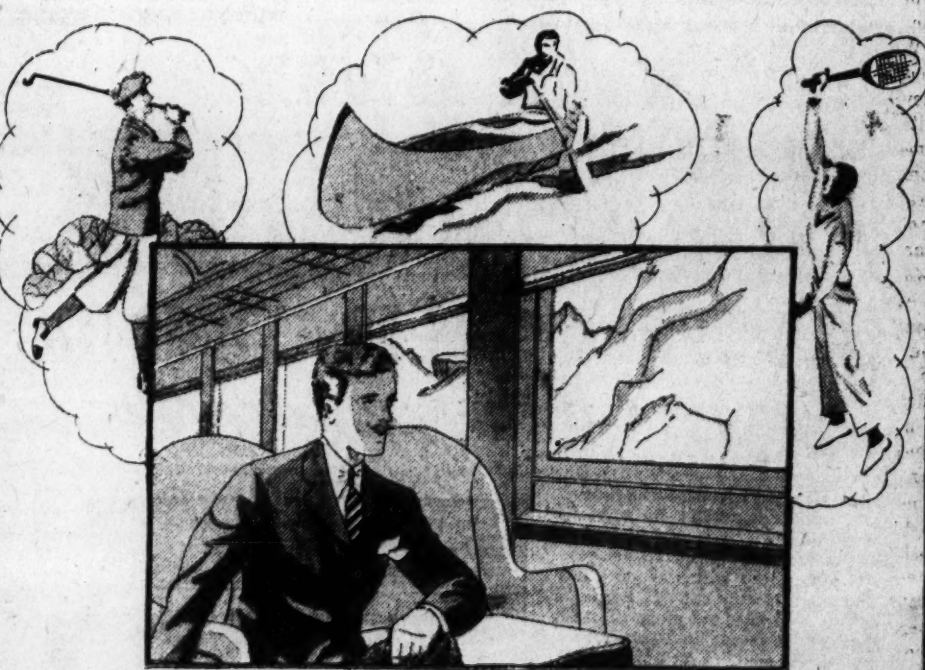
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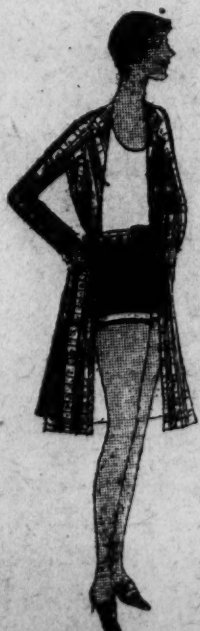
Here, in the Men's Store, you may find all the clothes that you need—
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even to the smallest accessory. The items listed below are but a few
of the many you will find to make your vacation more enjoyable.

Belgian and Irish Linen Suits, \$15.
Plain Color Palm Beach Suits, \$15.
Palm Beach Suits, fancy patterns,
\$16.50
Camel's Hair Sports Coats, \$25.
White or Striped Flannel Trousers,
\$10
Imported Linen Knickers, Special,
\$3.95
Colorful Beach Robes, \$5.

Light-weight Summer Raincoats,
\$10
Full-fashioned Pure Silk Socks,
\$1.50
Rayon Athletic Union Suits, \$2, \$3.
Woodlothan Broadcloth Shirts, \$3.
Jantzen One-piece Bathing Suits,
\$6 and \$6.50
Summer Weight Foulard Ties, \$2.
India Zephyr Pajamas, \$3, \$4.
Swiss Straw Hats, \$3.
Tan and Black Calfskin Oxfords, \$8.

THE MEN'S STORE, SECOND FLOOR

Smart Beach Coats
In Bright Colorful Plaids
reduced to
\$6.85



A beach coat
is a necessary
part of the shore
outfit. And
these chic color-
ed coats in plaid
rubberized pop-
lin speak a love-
liness likely to
be seen on all
wearers of
smart beach
outfits. In
shades of rose,
purple and blue.

Raleigh Haberdasher
1310 F Street

Radio Party Planned at Walter Reed

Veterans Polish Sets for Reception of Special Entertainment Tonight; Ballads Are Scheduled in WOL Program.

It was possible to tune in on outside stations last night, though signals were somewhat weak. Still, however, was always present.

Patients at Walter Reed Hospital will be the guests at a mammoth radio party at 8 o'clock tonight. With 34 stations of the National Broadcasting Co.'s coast-to-coast system participating, Billy Jones and Ernie Hart, the interviewers, will send half an hour of song and comedy into the air for the specific entertainment of Uncle Sam's former soldiers in the National Capital.

Graham McNamee, who already knows many of the former service men at Walter Reed through previous appearances there, will act as master of ceremonies. The program will be sent especially to WBC for transmission to the hospital. Arrangements have been made to tune in on the program with every set in the building, and already tubes have been replaced and dials polished for the occasion.

Frank Santa, pianist, will be the soloist of the Cities Service Hour to be broadcast at 7 o'clock. His selections will be Rutenbergs' "Sweet Nothings" and his own composition, "Just Me."

Rosario Bourdon will conduct the orchestra in Tschickovsky's Polonaise from "Eugen Onegin" and Friml's "Suite Melodique." Popular classics, played at the request of the radio audience, will be heard during the broadcasts of Slumber Music at 10 o'clock.

Beatrice Belkin, soprano, and the Ballad Singers are the featured entertainers of evening radio programs to visit the daylight audiences in the broadcast by "Evening Stars" from WBC at 10 o'clock this morning. Miss Belkin and the male chorus will be assisted by the salon orchestra, directed by Ludwig Laurer, familiar to radio listeners as the Slumber Music ensemble. The soprano is a former soloist of RKO's Gang, and is featured entertainer of elaborate night broadcasts.

The denouement of Sigmund Romberg's light opera, "The Student Prince," will be given by the cast of Philco's Theater Memories at 8:30 o'clock over WRC and WOL. The opera ends, Kathie, the beautiful waitress at Heidelberg, and Karl Franz, her student-prince, who have been reluctantly separated by the relentless demands of the state. Karl has become king, and must marry a princess, so the life of student love, born during the carefree days at Heidelberg, is shattered. Jessica Dragonette will have the role of Kathie, who she did in the stage production. Colin O'More will be cast as the prince.

The Rollickers, a male quartet, that takes part in many of the musical programs heard over WOL, will present a half-hour of entertainment of their own at 7:30 o'clock from WMAL. Victor Hall, Leonard Stokes, Lon McAdams and Randolph Weyant are the four young men who provide the humorously while Kenneth Christie is the pianist.

Dorsey Byrd will contribute "The One in the World" and "Dream Girl" as her numbers during the program. Song and dance that Doc West is offering over WMAL at 9:30 o'clock.

TODAY'S WOMEN

ONE of the most popular of American opera singers, Clara Louise Kelllogg, was born this day, 1865. She made her debut in 1881 and was equally well received in America and in Europe. She had a pure flexible soprano and her execution was brilliant. She had a repertoire of 45 operas. In 1874, she organized an English opera company and visited every part of the United States. Later she organized an Italian company. An interesting story of her life may be found in her "Memoirs of an American Prima Donna."

Caroline Frances Cornwallis, the English author, was born this day, 1786. Jettie Goudal, the motion picture star, was noted as a delineator of exotic types, was born this day, 1901, in Versailles, France. She made her screen debut in "The Bright Shawl." The actress was started on a successful stage career in Europe and she started in the Chicago production of "Simon Called Peter."

LANSBURGH & BROS.

Seventh, Eighth and E Streets.

Headquarters for Vogue Patterns

Third Floor

THE HECHT CO.

F Street at 7th

Vogue Patterns

On Sale in the Fifth Floor Piece Goods Dept.

The Latest Vogue Patterns

Are on sale at

Kann's

8th & Penna. Avenue

RADIO PROGRAMS

FRIDAY, JULY 12.

LOCAL STATIONS.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

WOL—American Broadcasting Co. (1245 Meters, 1,210 Kilocycles.)

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WORK'S BRIDGE

CONTRACT BRIDGE.

THERE is one feature in Contract bidding that varies so greatly from Auction bidding that it is a stumbling block in the path of the novice bridge player who is shifting his allegiance from one game to the other.

When a Contract player bids one of a suit, he announces: "I have at least four cards of this suit; I have at least two high-card tricks, and I have at least four highly probable tricks all told. These four tricks are highly probable whether the suit I name becomes the trump or the declaration is shifted to No Trump." With this valuable positive information is coupled the negative information that as the bid has been only one, the hand does not contain six probable tricks.

In Auction, while the same positive information is conveyed by a one-bid the negative information is not there because in Auction a player might bid one of a suit with a hand which contained an assured slam.

When an Auction player raises his partner's original bid, he is not encouraging him to jump to a game bid; but in Contract he is doing just that. At a love score, when a Contract bidder starts with only one of a suit, it requires considerable strength opposite to him to make game; and it is foolish for the partner to jump unless his hand is so helpful that there is a real chance for game. In Auction, normal support and two Aces or the equivalent justifies a raise of a suit-bid of one; but at a love score in Contract a jump from one to two with only that much strength is unsound.

Let us look at it from a practical standpoint. When South bids one of a suit, he is announcing that his hand contains four or five (less than six). Why should North advance the contract to eight when the probable total in the combined hands is only six or seven. Even supposing the benefit of playing the dummy is worth a trick, there is no chance of four-odd and much risk of loss. If the original bid was made on a minimum of four tricks, the result probably will be a two-odd loss. If the original bidder has five tricks, he will be down one unless the advantage of playing the combined hands enables him to make the contract. When there is no chance for game, it is better to take a partial score with a possible extra trick, than to risk a set.

Tomorrow, Illustrations.

(Copyright 1929.)

Raymond Hitchcock Quits Hospital Chicago, July 11 (A.P.)—Raymond Hitchcock, stage comedian, today was discharged from a local hospital, where he was hurried several weeks ago following a heart attack suffered at a performance.

Daily Cross-Word Puzzle

ACROSS.													DOWN.												
1	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	
2	6	10	14	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	2	6	10	14	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	
3	7	11	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	3	7	11	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	
4	9	13	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	
5	11	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	5	9	13	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	
6	13	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	6	10	14	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	
7	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	7	11	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	
8	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	
9	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	9	13	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	
10	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	10	14	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	
11	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	11	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	
12	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	
13	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	71	13	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	
14	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69	73	14	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	58	
15	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	71	75	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	
16	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69	73	77	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	
17	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	71	75	79	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	
18	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69	73	77	81	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	58	62	
19	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	71	75	79	83	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	
20	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69	73	77	81	85	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	
21	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	71	75	79	83	87	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	
22	45	49	53	57	61	65	69	73	77	81	85	89	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	58	62	66	
23	47	51	55	59	63	67	71	75	79	83	87	91	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	
24	49	53	57	61	65	69	73	77	81	85	89	93	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	68	
25	51	55	59	63	67	71	75	79	83	87	91	95	25	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69	
26	53	57	61	65	69	73	77	81	85	89	93	97	26	30											

Daily Market Background

Complete Summary of Investment Data
Compiled on Exchange Days for The Post

New York, July 11 (N.Y.W.N.S.)—

Aircraft.

NATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT carries 761,484 pounds mail and freight in first five months, 170 per cent above year ago. TRAVEL AIR subsidiary built 307 planes in first six months, record for period, against 530 in entire year 1928.

Automobiles and Trucks.

AUTOCAR may split shares 3 for 1 and exchange share for share with BROOKWAY TRUCK.

Automobile Parts and Accessories.

MURRAY CORPORATION of AMERICA earned \$2.24 per share in four months to April 30, against \$3.33 in entire year 1928. WAUKESHA MOTOR, president expects 90 per cent gain in production for fiscal year ended July 31.

Banks and Insurance.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE earned \$2.17 per common share in six months to June 30, against \$2.46 a year ago (after 3 for 1 split).

Building and Supplies.

INTERNATIONAL CEMENT earned \$3.50 per common share in first half against \$3.14 in 1928 period. WARREN BROS. gets \$800,000 paying contract in Guatemala.

Chemicals.

SILICA GEL CORPORATION basic patents confirmed by German courts, ending 8-year litigation with I. G. FARBERINDUSTRIE.

Coal and Coke.

RY-PRODUCTS COKE earned \$3.83 (equal to \$1.28 after 3 for 1 split) in four months to April 30.

Copper and Brass.

ANACONDA, subsidiary purchases RANDOLPH CLOVES CO.

Food Products.

AMERICAN MAIZE PRODUCTS earned \$23.50 per common share in six months to June 30; may split shares 10 for 1. BORDEN acquires CENTRAL DAIRY PRODUCTS (Chicago) and four other companies. NATIONAL DAIRY PRODUCTS acquires four Middle West dairy companies. GEORGE WESTON BISCUIT CO. to increase stock to 200,000 shares from 110,000, with 70,000 shares being \$100 par; rights 1 for 1 at \$15.

Household Products.

DEXTER CO. acquires RAINBOW APPLIANCE.

Investment Trusts.

AMERICAN EUROPEAN SECURITIES earned \$7.08 per share (including profit on sale of securities) in five months to May 31. NORTH AMERICAN INVESTMENT earned \$14.68 per common share

in six months to June 30 vs. \$13.08 in entire 1928.

Machinery and Machine Equipment.

INGERSOLL-RAND and GENERAL ELECTRIC get order for five gas-electric locomotives from ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Mining and Smelting.

ARIZONA COMMERCIAL MINING net (before reserves) \$115,521 for five months to May 31. CONSOLIDATED MINING & SMELTING OF CANADA, initial units of trail fertilizer plant to cost over \$7,000,000.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN CAN acquires SIMCO PLANT of CANADIAN CANNERS.

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL earned \$2.38 per share in six months to June 30 vs. \$1.29 year ago. BASTIAN BLESSING, large block of stock reported acquired by DAIRY AND ICE CREAM INTERESTS. FINANCE CORPORATION OF AMERICA (Baltimore) earned 72c per combined class A and B shares in six months to June 30 vs. 51c year ago. INTERNATIONAL SAFETY RAZOR earned \$1.70 per Class B share in six months to June 29 vs. \$1.42 year ago. NESTLE-LE MUR earned \$1.28 per Class A share in five months to June 1.

Office and Business Equipment.

UNDERWOOD ELLIOTT FISHER earned \$4.87 in 6 months to June 30 against \$2.92 year ago.

Paper and Paper Products.

Paper production in May totaled 608,209 tons up 3 per cent from April and 5.6 per cent from year ago.

Retail Trade.

EDISON BROTHERS STORES to open 11 stores shortly, bringing total to 32 units. J. R. THOMPSON June sales up 9 per cent; 6 months 7 per cent above year ago.

Steel and Iron.

U. S. STEEL June shipments estimated at 1,500,000 tons; 100,000 tons below record May.

Sugar.

GODCHAUX SUGARS sales 5 months to May 31 were 14 per cent above year ago.

Textiles.

FEDERAL KNITTING MILLS usual 12 1/2c extra and regular 62 1/2c quarterly dividend on common (same paid May 1).

Tobacco.

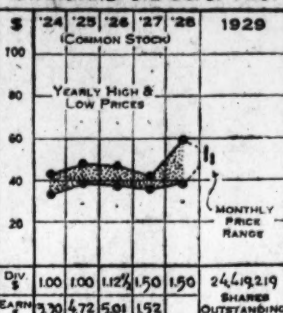
HARTMAN TOBACCO passes second preferred dividend, paid 1 1/2 per cent on March 1.

Utilities.

COAST COUNTIES GAS & ELECTRIC net income 12 months ended May 31.

What's Behind
Your Stock

STANDARD OIL CO. OF N. J.



Standard Oil Co. of N. J.

The Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, owing to the diversified nature of its operations, its large resources, experienced management and its long history of successful operation, is regarded as the strongest factor in the petroleum industry. It is the parent of the Standard Oil group and by a wide margin holds first rank in earning power. It is now a holding company only, all operating being transferred to subsidiaries. It has widely extended transportation, refining and marketing facilities and has large natural gas holdings.

Invested capital of the company is about \$1,300,000,000. Renting capacity is approximately 800,000 barrels a day, and although this is about 200,000 barrels in excess of crude production capacity, the spread is gradually being cut down with the acquisition of additional producing units.

The company is in a very strong financial position with \$500,000,000 working capital.

CAPITALIZATION.

Funded debt.....\$182,228,000

Preferred stock.....None

Common stock (par, 125).....\$10,480,475

Current data: Earnings for 1928 are expected to show about \$3.50 to \$4.50 per share, against \$1.50 under depressed conditions in 1927.

Increased 10 per cent over year ago.

GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE earned \$3.08 per common share in 12 months to June 30 against \$1.45 year ago.

STANDARD GAS & ELECTRIC RIGHTS: 1 common for 10 at \$85.

CURTISS-WRIGHT
CORPORATION

Deposit Agreement

To the Stockholders and/or Holders of Voting Trust Certificates and/or Units of:

Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Company, Inc.
Curtiss-Robertson Airplane Manufacturing Company
Curtiss Flying Service, Inc.
Curtiss Aeroplane Export Corporation
Curtiss Airports Corporation
Curtiss-Caproni Corporation

Wright Aeronautical Corporation
Keystone Aircraft Corporation
Moth Aircraft Corporation
New York and Suburban Air Lines, Inc.
New York Air Terminals, Inc.

The Boards of Directors of the Companies listed above, believing that a close affiliation will be beneficial to the stockholders and/or holders of voting trust certificates and/or holders of units of each Company, have approved a Plan under which the stockholders and/or holders of voting trust certificates and/or holders of units of these Companies are to be offered an opportunity to exchange their stock and/or voting trust certificates and/or units for stock of a corporation organized or to be organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and to be known as "Curtiss-Wright Corporation."

It is expected that if the Plan is declared effective, there will be many economies made possible in the operation and management of the Companies, and in addition the research work of the manufacturing Companies may be concentrated and very greatly expanded.

If the Plan is declared effective, Curtiss-Wright Corporation will have a complete line of airplanes and motors, excellent distributing agencies and dealer organizations, domestic and foreign, and the ownership of many of the country's finest airports. Substantially all of the present types of military and naval motors and planes will be continued and developed.

The following firms and corporations, all of which hold substantial interests in one or more of the above named Companies, as well as other holders of large stock interests therein, have indicated their approval of this Plan and their intention to exchange their stock and/or the stock controlled by them for shares of the new Curtiss-Wright Corporation:

HAYDEN, STONE & CO.

DOMINICK & DOMINICK

HEMPHILL, NOYES & CO.

BANCAMERICA-BLAIR CORPORATION

JAMES C. WILLSON & CO.

G. M. P. MURPHY & CO.

JACKSON & CURTIS

CRANE, PARRIS & CO.

NEW ISSUE

\$300,000

Washington Suburban Sanitary District
(Maryland)

GUARANTEED BY MONTGOMERY AND PRINCE GEORGES COUNTIES

Dated July 1, 1929

Due July 1, 1979

Redeemable at 100% July 1, 1959

Interest Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes

Tax Free in Maryland

Price to Yield 4.60% to Maturity

(Accrued Interest to Be Added)

Guaranty Company
of New York

Telephone Main 5815

Bankers Company
of New York

Telephone Plaza 7421

On August 30, 1926
we advertised

"We believe that present conditions
are favorable for advantageous investment
in standard Railroad Securities."

Our faith in the future of the railroads
impels us to repeat this opinion today.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS

42 Broadway 731 Fifth Avenue

NEW YORK CITY

BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO CLEVELAND
DETROIT PROVIDENCE PORTLAND, ME. PITTSBURGHMembers of the New York, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, and
Detroit Stock Exchanges and the New York Curb Exchange.

Curtiss-Wright Corporation is to be organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. It shall have an authorized capital stock consisting of Twelve Million (12,000,000) shares of no par value, of which Two Million (2,000,000) shares will be Class A stock entitled to a non-cumulative preferential payment of not to exceed \$2.00 per share annually, and Ten Million (10,000,000) shares will be Common stock.

The Class A stock and the Common stock shall have equal voting rights, one vote for each share.

Class A stock shall be callable at any time by the Corporation, at Forty (\$40). Dollars per share. Class A stock may be exchanged flat at any time, share for share, for Common stock and in case of liquidation or a distribution of assets, the holder of each share of the Class A stock and the holder of each share of the Common stock shall share equally.

The Plan referred to calls for an exchange of stock of the above named Companies for stock of Curtiss-Wright Corporation, upon the following basis:

	No. Shares New Holding Company Stock for Each Share Old Company Stock
A Stock	Common Stock
Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Company, Inc.	One
Curtiss Airports Corporation	Four and one-half
Curtiss Flying Service, Inc.	Five-twelfths
Curtiss Aeroplane Export Corporation	Five-sixths
Curtiss-Caproni Corporation	One and three-tenths
Curtiss-Robertson Airplane Manufacturing Company*	Five-twelfths
Wright Aeronautical Corporation**	Two
Keystone Aircraft Corporation	Three and one-quarter
Moth Aircraft Corporation Unit†	One
New York and Suburban Air Lines, Inc.	One
New York Air Terminals, Inc.	Two-fifths
	One

*The right of exchange under the Plan belongs only to holders of common stock of Curtiss-Robertson Airplane Manufacturing Company.

**If the plan is declared effective, the holders of stock of Wright Aeronautical Corporation who become parties to the Plan, or their successors and assigns, will then be entitled upon exchanging their certificates of deposit for stock of Curtiss-Wright Corporation to an option warrant entitling each such stockholder, for a period of three (3) years from the date when the Plan is declared effective, to purchase one share of the Common stock of Curtiss-Wright Corporation at Thirty (\$30.00) Dollars a share for every two (2) shares of stock of Wright Aeronautical Corporation formerly held by such stockholder.

†The unit referred to consists of one share of Class A stock and a half share of Class B stock of the Moth Aircraft Corporation, and the offer relates to the unit as such and no rights are granted to holders of Class A or Class B stock, as such.

The stockholders and/or holders of voting trust certificates and/or units of the above named Companies who desire to avail themselves of the benefits of the Plan should deposit their stock and/or voting trust certificates and/or units, duly indorsed in blank, with the Depositary or any of the Sub-Depositaries hereinafter named on or before August 15, 1929.

Upon making such deposit each Depositor will, in due course, receive certificates of deposit in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

Copies of the Plan may be obtained at the offices of the Transfer Agents of any of the Companies listed above, and at the office of the Depositary and Sub-Depositaries listed below.

The names and addresses of the Depositary and Sub-Depositaries are as follows:

Depositary

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, 16 Wall Street, New York City

Sub-Depositaries

ST. LOUIS UNION TRUST COMPANY.....ST. LOUIS, MO.
GIRARD TRUST COMPANY.....PHILADELPHIA, PA.
BANK OF ITALY NATIONAL TRUST & SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.....LOS ANGELES, CALIF.
BANK OF ITALY NATIONAL TRUST & SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.....SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
LOUISVILLE TRUST COMPANY.....LOUISVILLE, KY.
THE MARINE TRUST COMPANY OF BUFFALO.....BUFFALO, NEW YORK
THE PEOPLES TRUST & SAVINGS BANK OF CHICAGO.....CHICAGO, ILL.
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BOSTON.....BOSTON, MASS.
CANAL BANK & TRUST COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.....NEW ORLEANS, LA.
GUARDIAN TRUST COMPANY OF DETROIT.....DETROIT, MICHIGAN

B. W. JONES, Secretary
E. E. BEACH, Asst. Sec.
16 Wall Street,
New York City

RICHARD F. HOTT, Chairman
J. CHEEVER COWDIN
CHARLES HAYDEN
C. M. KEYS
CHARLES L. LAWRENCE
GRAYSON M. P. MURPHY
STUART R. REED
B. A. TOMPKINS
J. C. WILLSON

Committee.

CUTHELL, HOTCHKISS & MILLS, ESQs.
20 Pine Street, New York City,
Counsel

Dated: July 12th, 1929.

PRICE TRENDS

BULLS CONTINUE TO CONCENTRATE ON UTILITY STOCKS—RADIO IS DEPRESSED.

CALL FUNDS 9 PER CENT

New York, July 11 (A.P.)—The stock market again encountered rough and uneven going today, and price trends were highly confusing. The bulls once more concentrated their efforts on the utilities, lifting the Associated Press price index of 20 of this group into virgin high levels, while profit taking and bear pressure depressed many of the important industrial and rail.

Unrelenting firmness in call money at 9 per cent, despite persistent predictions of better credit conditions, together with what proved to be unwarranted fears of a new high record for Federal Reserve brokers' loans, provided a backbone for the market.

The Federal Reserve brokerage loan compilation, issued after the close of the market, showed a decline of \$1,000,000, a negligible reduction, but tending to bear out the theory that much of the sharp upturn in loans during the last few days was due to the exercise of rights, as the June fund of maturing rights had de facto subsided during the past week. It would have taken an increase of \$4,000,000 in loans to equal the record of \$5,793,000,000 established March 20.

Statements Not Encouraging.

While easier credit conditions are generally expected by next week at the latest, the Federal Reserve condition statements were not particularly encouraging, showing that New York member banks had not reduced their borrowings of \$34,000,000 from the reserve institution, and that the security system had further depleted its holdings of acceptances and Government securities.

There was practically nothing in the May industrial news to influence the trend of the market. The renewed buying of utilities appeared to be based on the belief that the technical position of the group had been improved by the selling of the past week. The index of 20 utilities closed at a new high ground for the first time since June 29, when the culmination of several weeks of sharp advances was reached.

Brooklyn Union gas went up 14 points to a record price, and such issues as American Water Works, American Telephone and Telegraph, American Power and Light, International Harvester, Columbia Gas and Philadelphia Gas rose 2 to 3 points to new price peaks.

Others at New Tops.

American Can, American Rolling Mill, Cuyamel Fruit, Granite City Steel, Remington Rand, Youngstown Sheet and Tube and Matheson Alkali rose about 1 to 2 points to new tops, although all gains were not maintained.

Midland Steel Products preferred was a spectacular issue, soaring about 16 points to a record price, reflecting rumors of recapitalization plans and new contracts with automobile manufacturers, and Purdy Bakeries was sent up over 13 points to a new high. A few of the rails were strong, Chesapeake and Ohio mounting about 8 points to a new top at 252, and Allegheny Corporation breaking into new high territory.

Cotton, however, was under pressure, and Norfolk and Western and Union Pacific selling off 4 and 5 points at one time, although rallying at the close.

Radio was again under heavy cropping about 2 points to a new low for the movement at 76. After early heaviness, however, General Electric recovered and closed at 100, after selling off 3 points, fell back 16 from the top, and Auburn Auto turned a 9-point gain in the morning into a 4-point loss at the close.

Atlantic Refining Falls Back.

Atlantic Refining, which had been steadily advancing of late, fell back 5 points, closing at 100, after selling off 3 points, fell back 16 from the top, and Auburn Auto turned a 9-point gain in the morning into a 4-point loss at the close.

Gold and Silver Statement.

Following is a statement of the combined resources and liabilities of the twelve Federal Reserve banks for the week ending July 10:

RESOURCES.

Gold with Federal Reserve \$1,438,492,000

Gold redemption fund with U. S. Treasury \$2,335,000,000

Gold held exclusively against Federal Reserve \$1,321,871,000

Gold redemption fund with U. S. Treasury \$2,335,000,000

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Gold held exclusively against Federal Reserve \$1,321,871,000

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE RAISES ACTIONS OF YESTERDAY

Curb Review

1929					1929					1929					1929				
High	Low	Open	Close	1929	High	Low	Open	Close	1929	High	Low	Open	Close	1929	High	Low	Open	Close	
100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2
100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2
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100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2
100	99 1/2	100	99 1/2	100															

VAN VLIET, MANGAN BEATEN IN D. C. TENNIS UPSETS

Almost the Naked Truth

By JAMES S. COLLINS.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Headmaster Heydler of the National League is as busy a man these days as Commissioner Landis ever pretended to be himself. He is probing the recent brawl between the Cubs and the Reds. Mr. Heydler has no probing complex, nor, probably, has he the remotest idea that he will find out anything he did not know before the investigation. So much may be deduced from the fact that he acted promptly on receipt of his umpire's report of the incident and administered the customary discipline to Mr. Wilson, of the Cubs, who had rushed into the Reds' dugout to help himself to a sock at the chin of Mr. Kolp, of the Reds, which had been waving in a manner offensive to Mr. Wilson.

Being only the president of the National League and not Dr. Clarence True Wilson, Mr. Heydler is of official cognizance of the fact that the belligerent Chicago outfielder took a sock at the chin of another Red pitcher, Pete Donohue, in a railway terminal in Chicago. It seems to be Mr. Heydler's conception of his powers that his control over the game of ballplayers ends at the exit of the ball parks and does not extend to railway terminals, the back rooms of speakeasies or private homes.

Kolp Admits Franky His Remarks Were Tender.

But Mr. C. J. McDiarmid, president of the Cincinnati Club, demanded a formal investigation of the brawl, and Mr. Heydler accommodated him. His questioning of the players of both teams to find out who said what started it all ended just where it might be expected to.—Mr. Kolp admitted frankly that, under great provocation, he said to Mr. Wilson, "You lucky stiff," and that Mr. Wilson, with no provocation whatever, having been lucky indeed to get away from the Giants for about the same reason and in much the same manner that Hornsby and Frisch did, had rushed into the dugout and, wretchedly attacked him.

Mr. Wilson's version of Mr. Kolp's remark, as reported to Mr. Heydler today, was somewhat different, although the first letter of each word was the same according to official transcript of the testimony. Other Reds heard it just as Mr. Kolp repeated it to Mr. Heydler, and all the Cubs, of course, corroborated Mr. Wilson, with the exception of one player, brought up in the Southwest, who added a couple of adjectives to Mr. Wilson's version that nobody around ever had heard before and that made even Mr. Wilson blush.

Heydler Can Do Nothing to Get Reds Out of Cellar.

If Mr. Heydler were a justice of the peace in Bellows Falls, Vt., or a police court magistrate in the City of New York, he probably would have said, in effect, to the litigants, granted, in the latter contingency, that none was a Tammany man.

"I realize, McDiarmid, that you've got to do something to divert the attention of your stockholders from the present condition of your club, but I'm afraid there is nothing I can do about this thing that will get your team out of eighth place. As for you, Kolp, and you, Donohue, if your arms were as vigorous as your chins, your team would not be falling out of the league instead of listening to all this hot air. And as for you, Wilson, you'd better curb that temper of yours before the Chicago City series. Shires, of the White Sox, might say something to you that you might not be inclined to like, but would have to.

But Mr. Heydler is only president of the National League, and has to go through a certain amount of the circumstances of that arbiter's election of Manager Jack Hendricks of the Reds from the game the other day.

The usually quiet Mr. Hendricks, who is easily irritated these days, took a detour by the press coop on his way out, taking absolutely no pains to prevent any one from overhearing him say to Mr. McLaughlin:

"You're not fit to umpire in the American Association, you fathead!"

The medal, of course, would be pinned on Mr. McLaughlin for refraining from making the retort obvious.

Sheriff Ends Nats Hit Hard, Cleveland Racing Winning, 9-3, Over Tribe

Thistledown Meeting Closed After Threat of Destruction.

Deputies Armed to Halt "Refund" System of Betting.

CLEVELAND, July 10 (A.P.)—Threatened with wholesale arrests of employees and confiscation of property, operators of Thistledown Track temporarily gave up their first attempt in three years to hold a running race meet today in the face of Sheriff E. J. Henratty's determination to suppress betting.

As the sheriff marshaled a force of 75 regular and special deputy sheriffs, armed them with tear gas bombs and sawed off shotguns and instructed them to destroy property if necessary to stop wagering this afternoon, the one-day-old meet was suspended until three men arrested as the result of the use of the "contribution" system of betting are given hearings on charges of gambling in the city of Ohio.

Injunction Not Legal, Lawyers Infirm Sheriff.

Announcement of the suspension was made by Edward P. Strong, one of the track owners and held under \$300 bond together with Lloyd Thompson, a ticket seller, and Frank Rock, a cashier, who were arrested after the second race yesterday. Their hearings were set for next Monday but Strong indicated that he would endeavor to have them set forward.

Sheriff Henratty determined upon stern measures after being reassured by attorneys that an injunction granted yesterday shortly before the meet opened for the first of what was to have been a 22-day program was not binding upon him if he were confident that the "contribution" system of betting is illegal. The injunction, granted to Strong, restrained the sheriff from interference with the "donation" scheme only if the same be not in violation of the laws of Ohio.

"Refunds" Are Legal, Operators Of Track Contend.

Strong and other operators of the track contended that the system is legal, and works upon the plan of speculation. They said that the system, and the "refunds" above expenses in the event they back the winning runners. Sheriff Henratty, however, took the stand that it constitutes gambling.

Shotton Signs to Pilot Phillies 3 More Years

Philadelphia, July 11 (A.P.)—Burton E. Shotton, who is serving his second year as manager of the Philadelphia National League Team, today signed a three-year contract extending his management to the end of the 1932 season.

Malcewicz Wins, Gains Bout With Sonnenberg

Los Angeles, July 11 (A.P.)—Joe Malcewicz, U.S.A. (N.Y.) Panther, earned the right to meet Gus Sonnenberg, world's heavyweight wrestling champion, in a title match to be held here July 24 as a result of his victory last night over Nick Lutze, of Chicago. Lutze suffered a fractured rib in the only fall, when Malcewicz pinned him, however, took the match and was unable to return, thereby forfeiting the match.

Maureen Orcutt Routs Helen Hicks in Semifinal

Groton, Conn., July 11 (A.P.)—Maureen Orcutt, Haworth N. J., entered the finals in the Eleventh Annual Invitation Tournament today by overcoming Miss Helen Hicks, of Hewlett, L. I., in a semifinal match and will oppose Miss Edith Quier, of Philadelphia, in the final tomorrow. Miss Quier scored an upset in the semifinal match by putting out Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hunt, of Merion, Pa., twice winner of the cup, 3 and 2.

SAMOBETTS WANT GAME.

The Samobetts wanted a game for the Samobetts. Any team interested, phone Manager Jack Neely at Lincoln 6171-W.

WHEN SHOPPING AT THIS STORE YOU ARE INVITED TO PARK YOUR CAR AT THE CAPITAL GARAGE AT OUR EXPENSE.

Summer Suits of Uncommon Merit

SILK POPLINS

\$40

STORE CLOSING AT 1 P. M. SATURDAY

Sidney West

14th and G Streets N.W.

EUGENE C. GOTT—PRESIDENT

CONQUERORS OF CHAMPION AND RUNNER-UP



Hugh Miller, Post Staff Photographer.

Major League Statistics

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

Team	Won	Lost	Pct.
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Philadelphia	55	21	.724
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New York	48	28	.629
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St. Louis	46	31	.597
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Detroit	43	38	.531
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Cleveland	38	50	.435
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Washington	29	43	.402
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Chicago	29	51	.363
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Boston	24	56	.300
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YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

WASHINGTON, 9; Cleveland, 3.

NEW YORK CHICAGO (rain).

Philadelphia-St. Louis (rain).

Washington at Cleveland.

New York at Chicago.

Philadelphia at St. Louis.

Boston at Detroit.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

Team	Won	Lost	Pct.
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Pittsburgh	46	27	.626
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Chicago	46	27	.626
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St. Louis	39	38	.506
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Brooklyn	34	41	.451
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Philadelphia	32	44	.421
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Boston	31	48	.392
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Cincinnati	28	47	.376
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Chicago, 4-1; New York, 3-16.

Cincinnati, 6; Boston, 6.

St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 2.

Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.

Cincinnati at Boston.

Chicago at New York.

St. Louis at Brooklyn.

Sherdel Baffles Robins

In Pinches; Cards Win

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 11 (A.P.)—The Cardinals ended the Brooklyn series by winning the second game by a score of 6 to 3. Bill Sherdel allowed a dozen hits, but was steady in the pinches.

Brooklyn pitchers were Abe Lugo, 4-1; Fredrick, 4-2; and Sherdel, 4-1. Cards pitchers were: Egan, 3-1; Berman, 2-1; and Hooten, 1-1.

Babe Herman's long hitting streak was broken when he failed to get the ball out of the infield in five attempts.

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2 FINALISTS OF 1928 BOW TO HOWARD AND MITCHELL IN SINGLES

FIVE LEADING HITTERS

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Fox, Phila.	57	35	64	109	.396
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Manush, St. L.	77	319	55	124	.395
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Lazzeri, N. Y.	48	181	35	101	.365
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Cochrane, Phila.	70	263	29	96	.365
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Miller, Phila.	76	291	55	105	.361
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NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Herman, N.Y.	71	280	64	109	.389
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O'Doul, Phila.	77	319	55	124	.395
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Terry, N. Y.	81	338	56	126	.373
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Comorosky, Pitt.	70	212	47	77	.363
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Travner, Pitts.	75	302	59	110	.363
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Giants and Cubs Divide

Sluggests Before 35,000

New York, July 11 (A.P.)—The Giants and the Cubs broke even here today before a large week-day crowd of 35,000. Chicago won the first game by the 3 to 2, and New York evened by winning the second, 16 to 12.

The first game went to Chicago when Pitsimmons was batted hard and poorly supported. McMillan hit a home run with two men on, and Perce Malone, the pitcher, doubled with the bases full. Malone won his twelfth victory of the season and pitched a strong game, holding the Giants to seven hits. He had only one weak inning, the seventh, when Pitsimmons hit a home run with a man on base.

New York knocked Blake out with a five-run assault in the first inning of the second game, and continued to score on Horne and Nehf. The Cubs fought back hard and knocked out both Walker and Scott. Several Chicago rallies were checked by fast New York double plays. The pitchers of the two clubs gave fourteen bases on balls. Ott hit his twenty-first home run. Wilson hit twenty-first and twenty-second, and Lindstrom hit his twelfth.

Left on base, 19 to 18. Leach, of New York, and Cuyler, of Chicago, were out of their respective line-ups with lame legs.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

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Champion Eliminated by Youthful Naval Man, 6-4, 6-3.

Mangan Beaten After 3 Thrilling Sets in Quarter Finals.

By JACK ESPY.

DOOLEY MITCHELL and Bill Howard, two youths who played like gamblers, avenged their defeat on the chin of old Daniel Mangan in the quarter-finals of the District tennis championship yesterday at the Edgemoor Club. Daniel and the evening sun went down together, the former flat on his face.

It was a startling up-to what youth may do to age and experience in the old Dan's quarter-finals for local tennis supremacy. Mitchell defeated Tom Mangan, the runner-up of 1928, 4-6, 6-3, 10-8, and Howard conquered Ed. Roberts, C. Van Vliet, the defending champion, 9-7, 6-4. The losers are tennis veterans, both in point of years and knowledge.

An old Dan fopped prelate on the court the thud of his fall was drowned out by the pumping of several hundred hearts in the gallery which were racing like mad to keep pace with the thrilling tennis that had set away for three full hours previously.

Today Mr. Dope will be back there again. He always comes back for more, and he may get it.

Howard to Play Chares, While Mitchell Opposes Conside.

Mitchell will play Clarence Chares, another veteran, while Howard engages Bob Conside, one of the younger stars. Both matches are scheduled to start at 6 o'clock. Should Chares drop out as did Mangan and Van Vliet, the District singles crown will go to a youngster for the first time in many years.

Chares overcame the threat of the Baltimore champion, Louis Kurland, and won a grueling three-set match, 9-7, 12-14, 6-4. Conside eliminated the "dark horse," Ensign J. K. Mc Cue, 6-4.

The Chares-Kurland and Howard-Van Vliet matches started yesterday from the same place, the District singles, the first sets having been completed on Wednesday when they halted play.

Van Vliet, the defending champion, and Mangan, 1928 runner-up, had been considered at least 3 to 2 favorites by the District crowd. Howard had figured on Van Vliet's steadiness and all-around perfection and pointed to Mangan's great driving. Both of the veterans showed their best play, but that wasn't enough when matched against the fire and speed plus real ability of their younger foes.

Mitchell's victory was more stirring than Howard's. Mitchell had to overhaul Mangan after the latter had taken the first set. Howard had to chase a handicap, too, but his wasn't as tough. Van Vliet captured the third and fourth games the second set from him for a lead of 3 to 1.

Pulling himself together after a shaky start, Mitchell held his own for a while in the first set. He tied it at 2-2 in games and then went ahead, 3-2, breaking through Mangan's service. Then he went into a slump, letting several returns and driving out, and although managing to take a game on his own service, lost the set as Mangan swept the ninth and tenth games and the set.

In the second set Mitchell came up to the net. Previously he had been content to wage the battle from the back court and his drives were not consistently as good as his rival's. His change in tactics immediately brought good results. He won four games in a row and the set by 6 to 2.

Mitchell Starts Third Set With Renewed Confidence.

Inspired by this foray, Mitchell continued to rush to the webbing in the third set. He took the first game on Mangan's service and followed up by winning on his own. Mangan was not weakening, however, and proved it by shipping off a couple of placements to win the third game.

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Striped Pajamas

Special \$1.85

Men's Pajamas in bright colored stripes of blue, tan or green. Of madras and mercerized cotton, in the popular coat style with collar, also a few in middle style. Take advantage of this opportunity—

